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The Necessity Coins Of Wismar, 1715

**By RAGNAR CEDERLUND
Chicago, Ill.**

(Paper presented to the New York Convention of the A. N. A.)

The resources and the forces which Gustavus II Adolphus had at his command when entering the Thirty Years' War must at first sight seem entirely inadequate to the successful carrying on of a campaign against the formidable foe. The army with which he set sail for Germany at mid-summer time in 1630 amounted only to 13,000 men. Even in that day this seemed a pitifully small force with which to proceed against a mighty antagonist, but it probably constituted the most efficient fighting machine that the world up to that time had seen; its fighting strength was not to be measured by the number of individuals in the ranks. Gustavus felt strong in the consciousness that back of him stood a united nation, determined to make every sacrifice in order to insure the success of the Swedish army, and he was hopeful that, once the Swedes were in conflict and by a decisive victory had broken the spell of imperial invincibility, some of the hesitant German Protestant princes would join him as allies. It was one of the first postulates of the strategy of Gustavus in this war that he must secure control of the main rivers of Germany, partly in order to have safe means of communication with his own country and thus to insure a plentiful supply of provisions and munitions of war, and partly in order that a wedge thereby might be driven into the enemy's forces. The control of the rivers would also give him, through collection of river tolls, a much-needed increase to his resources. In conformity with this plan the Oder River became his first objective.

After entering Stettin, the capital of Pomerania, he compelled the aged Duke Bogislav to enter into an alliance with him, by the terms of which the Duke's military forces were placed under Swedish command. The following year, 1631, the greatest part of the Province of Mecklenburg was occupied by the Swedish forces, and the 10th of January, 1632, the city of Wismar was delivered to the Swedish Crown.

Sixteen years later, at the Peace of Westphalia, 1648, by the treaty, Sweden received western Pomerania (Vor Pommern) with the islands of Rugen and Usedom, and in eastern Pomerania (Hinter Pommern) the cities of Stettin, Garz, Damm, and Gollnow, the islands of Wollin, together with Wismar and the districts of Poel and Neukloster, the secularized bisho-

prices of Bremen and Verden, and the districts of Wilshausen. She was also to receive 5,000,000 riksdaler as reimbursement for her expenses in the war.

The city of Wismar and districts remained under the Swedish Crown for about 170 years, when in 1803, soon after King Gustavus IV Adolphus had taken reign of the Swedish Government into his own hands, dark and threatening clouds began to lower menacingly over the land. A series of bad harvests brought starvation and disease in its wake. Foreign trade, which the wars in America and on the European continent had stimulated into unprecedented activity, was now virtually ruined by the economic warfare waged between France and her enemies. Money had again depreciated greatly in value, causing further confusion and loss, and in order to get funds for the redemption of paper money in circulation, the Swedish possession of Wismar was pawned to Mecklenburg-Schwerin for 1,258,000 rikstalers with right to redeem it after a hundred years by refunding with 3 per cent. compound interest. However, Sweden waived this right in 1903.

The history of Wismar dates far back. In an old record of the year 1211 it is mentioned as a very important harbor. It received in the year 1229 the Schwerin City law, and in the year 1266 the Lubeck law. In the thirteenth century it joined the Hanseatic League, and in 1301 it came under the Duchy of Mecklenburg. A private ducal mint had existed in Wismar since the middle of the thirteenth century. On May 19, 1359, Duke Albrecht mortgaged his mint in Wismar to the city for a period of fifteen and a half years for the sum of eight hundred (800) marks Wismar denari. However, this grant the Duke never redeemed.

During the years that the city of Wismar belonged to Sweden, coins were struck there for the following Swedish rulers: Queen Christina, Charles X Gustav, Charles XI, Charles XII, Fredrik I, Adolph Fredrik and Gustav IV Adolf.

When King Charles XII of Sweden arrived in the city of Stralsund on November 22, 1714, after his incomparable fortnight's ride from Bender, in Turkey, the city of Wismar began to prepare, as it had done so often in the past, for siege and bombardment. The city, defended by the Major General and Vice-Governor of Wismar, Baron Martin von Schoultz, was surrounded at the close of the year by Danish, Hannoverian, Brandenburger and Russian troops. The whole enclosure and siege consisted of nothing more than foraging and skirmishing on both sides. One day soldiers would desert the city, and the next day as many deserters from the besieging army would return. It even came to the point where the opposing forces were surprising each other with presents. The besiegers sent wild game and other fine things to the city, even money for those who had been taken prisoners, who in return would express their appreciation by gifts of good beer and medicines for the sick.

After matters had remained on this friendly basis for about a year, Vice-Governor von Schoultz and Colonel Von der Luhe arrived at an honorable accord, without even consulting the town council. There really is very little to write about the entire siege, since deeds of valour on either side simply did not occur. On April 21, 1716, the Danes and the Hannoverians occupied the city and arsenal, while on the 23rd the Swedish garrison, 3,000 strong, marched out the Lubeck Gate with banners flying and music playing, thence to be transported back to Sweden.

During the siege shortage of money occurred at various times, which the town council attempted to remedy by counterstamping current old silver coins and striking a small amount of emergency copper coins.

A proclamation was issued reading:

"Pursuant to the patents of the magistrates of September 15th and 20th, 1715, with the Royal Swedish assent, it was decreed that the old Brandenburg 16-schilling pieces were to be raised to 32 schilling; the Hannoverian, Hildesheim and other 8-schilling pieces be raised to 16 schilling; the Mecklenburg-Schwerin 2-schilling pieces to 4 schilling, and the Wismar and Rostock schilling pieces increased to 2 schilling (the latter to be used only if necessary) and counterstamped with a stamp bearing the city of Wismar coat-of-arms, namely: On the right, the half steer's head and on the left,

the letters N W (Necessitas Wismarensis), also a certain sum of copper dreilinger (three-pfening pieces) will be coined from new planchets bearing the city's coat-of-arms on the obverse, and the value on the reverse. All coins thus marked to be redeemed as soon as possible. However, were none kept, such stamped coinage to be accepted for foreign bills of exchange or for debts incurred previous to the 20th instant."

The coining operation took place in the Town Hall cellar in the presence of several of the council and the citizenry. The puncheon's for counter-marking the old silver coins and the dies for the three-pfening copper coin-



No. 1.

No. 1—Brandenburg. 1/3 Taler, 1667. Counterstamped on the obv. with coat-of-arms (the half steer's head, and letters N W, Necessitas Wismarensis), all within a depressed oval.



No. 2.

No. 2—Brandenburg. 1/3 Taler, 1669. Similarly counterstamped.



No. 3.

No. 3—Brandenburg. 1/3 Taler, 1671. With mint mark of Minden. Similarly counterstamped.

age were all cut and engraved by a goldsmith in Wismar of the name of Joachim Didrich Gade, his initials J. G. to be seen on the reverse of the copper three-pfening pieces.

This small emergency coinage of three-pfening pieces and the counter-marking of old silver coins proved not to be sufficiently large enough to remedy the money shortage in the beleaguered city. Stiernstedt's book ("Beskrivning over Svenska Kopper Mynt och Polleter," printed 1871) showed the Vice-Governor Martin von Schoultz, in a royal letter from King Charles XII, had received the order in regard to the melting of old metal cannons to be used for a necessity plate coinage.

Another story is, that the King's order of melting old metal cannons was given in greatest secret, because it more or less embarrassed him to give such an order as melting of war trophies. However, another proclamation was issued December 30th, 1715, by the magistrates, with Royal Swedish assent, that various old metal cannons were to be broken up and melted into foursquare plates of different weight and sizes. The melting of those old cannons began early in the month of November and the actual minting or stamping of the cast plates some time in the latter part of December, 1715.



No. 4.

No. 4—Bremen. 12 Grote, 1657. Similarly counterstamped.



No. 5.

No. 5—Mecklenburg-Schwerin. 2 Schilling, 1703. Similarly counterstamped.



No. 6.

No. 6—Wismar. Schilling, 1692. Similarly countermarked.



No. 7.

No. 7—Necessity Copper 3 Pfening, 1715. MONETA . NOVA . WISMAR *. Rev., * III * PFENING. * 1715 * I. G. (mintmaster's initials).

The plates were stamped according to the Lubeck mint law or system in the following values: 8 mark, 4 mark, 32 schilling, 16 schilling, 8 and 4 schilling, weighing respectively 6, 3, 1.5, 0.75, 0.37, 0.18 kilogram. The plates were stamped incuse, in each corner the date 1-7-1-5, in the center the stamp of value and WISM*** within an incused embellished circle; above the circle in field the same little oval counterstamp N W which was used on the old silver coins. It is stated by Stiernstedt that the plate coins were in circulation for about four months, but Ed Grim, in his book ("Munzen und Medaillen der Stadt Wismar"), states that the plates as legal coins only lasted for one single day. Schroder, Wismar's historiographer, says: "Since wood

and coal for melting of those metal cannons failed and other drawbacks which arose, probably of the pieces weight and size (the largest weighing over 25 pounds) only a small amount of those plates were finished and pos-



Bronze Plate. 16 Schilling, 1715. Description in text. This is a Jungfer counterfeit.



Bronze Plate. 8 Schilling, 1715. Description in text. This is also a Jungfer counterfeit.

sibly were distributed to only a few persons on a single day. The metal pieces of the broken cannons, which in shortage of wood and coal could not be melted into plates, were, however, used as a kind of necessity money.

Each metal piece was weighed and sent to the homes of the respective citizens with an order and guarantee of redemption from the City Magistrate to be taken and held as security for a loan of current money. A value of 58 taler and 32 schilling was figured on each (Skepp pound?) in weight, and to be paid in three installments, the 30th of December, 1715, and the 8th and 18th of January, 1716.

Distinction in distribution of those metal pieces was made in accordance with the wealth of each citizen, that is, the less wealthy should only receive a $\frac{1}{2}$ Sk-Pound, others according to their wealth from 2 to 7 Sk-Pound.

The few genuine plates known in existence today are without question numismatic rarities and most of them are in museums, a few only in private collections. Of the largest plate, the 8 mark, only one is known to the numismatic world and is now in the Royal Mint Cabinet at Stockholm. Of the 4 mark, two are known, one in the Royal Mint Cabinet, Stockholm, another in the Upsala University Mint Cabinet, Sweden.

In the 1880's a coin dealer, Adolf Edward Jungfer, in Berlin, got the bright idea of making counterfeits of the 16 and 8 schilling plates. Whether this gentleman's intention was to cheat and defraud collectors I do not know, but certain it is that more than one collector has purchased a Jungfer counterfeit for a genuine. The counterfeit 16 schillings are all alike, the edges are filed nearly smooth and are 85x85mm. in size. In weight they vary from 0.645 to 0.593 kg. The 8 schillings, which seem to exist in greater number, are usually 62x59mm. in size and vary in weight from 0.349 to 0.310 kg. The edges are also filed.

The genuine plates differ considerably in many ways, both in size and markings and colors, from the Jungfer counterfeits. The genuine plates show that the edges have been sheared or clipped, also the marking and stamping was done when the plates were red hot. Jungfer cast his plates in square forms and the metal is of a more brass mixture than the genuine.

Two Neglected Numismatic Series

By **DAVID M. BULLOWA**
New York City

(An address delivered before the New York Numismatic Club.)

The substance of this talk tonight was delivered some weeks ago to the members of the Boston Numismatic Society at its eightieth annual meeting. The reception it received at their hands has given me the impetus to present it to you tonight. Strictly speaking, it is more in the nature of a talk than a formal "paper." The topic selected for discussion is "Two Neglected Numismatic Series," and my selection of these has been that of foreign paper money and small-size gold issues.

The first series about which I would like to make a few remarks is the "foreign paper money series." Perhaps your first thought in this connection is that I shall discuss the worthless post-war currency, but instead I shall confine my remarks mainly to the current notes.

I rather disliked paper money for many years; I acquired it only when forced to in combination with coins I wanted very badly. While at college I secured my first group of Russian paper money. About a year ago a Count was referred to me, who claimed he had a very valuable collection. After considerable months of waiting, I finally secured his collection, and obtained thereby, when in conjunction with my own collection, one of the best collections of this type.

Several years ago I happened to obtain one of the current New Zealand ten-shilling notes, which show upon the obverse the Maori chief and the Kiwi bird. The fact that the chief types of this note appear as well on the coinage of New Zealand indicated to me that there was an excuse for collecting foreign issues, and I attempted to increase my collection of bank notes illustrating coins. I realized that in New York there was an extraordinary opportunity for securing these notes which was not possible in other sections of the country, and I was not taking advantage of the situation.

I commenced with the lower priced South and Central American issues, which are worth perhaps 35c. each on the average. It occurred to me, as I discussed collecting the series when possible with other collectors, that there was an adverse feeling toward foreign currencies following the World War.

I found that it was not practical to collect bank notes by setting an arbitrary valuation per note, any more than a series of coins may be secured at an average price fixed by the collector in advance. Therefore, I decided that a collection of banknotes would be interesting if one specimen from each nation in the world were exhibited. Thus commenced my downfall in the paper-money world, as the search for one note from each nation continued.

There are several drawbacks to the collecting of foreign paper money, and it is the realization of these factors which makes the series a truly "neglected" one:

1. No catalogue or literature to speak of in English on the current issues. Certain older obsolete issues, such as the Austrian, German, Italian and Russian, have been quite fully catalogued.
2. Uncertainty and possibility of changes in value, due to calling in of notes for various purposes (such as our actions in connection with gold notes.)
3. Laws regarding the illustration of bank notes. (Although coins and stamps have been able to be proven as exceptions for educational purposes, bank notes have always been omitted).
4. General financial impracticability of collecting the high value notes, even when on a depreciated basis. (The desire of American collectors to have complete series in their collections.)

Bank-note collecting can be emphasized, however, and perhaps popularized, by stressing the interesting personages and views which appear upon many issues.

Explanation of the relationship of certain notes to one another will readily make them acceptable to the American collector. For example, the Haitian gourde and dollar; the Danish West Indies franc and daler, and krone. The Portuguese escudo and the dollar. The Lithuanian litas and the dollar, and so on.

Another interesting sidelight is the angle of the bank note manufacturer. Often this reveals the sphere of influence. American Bank Note Co., in South and Central American issues; France on Greek issues; Yugoslavia has had French issues, German issues, U. S. issues, and now again has French issues. The latest change is to English sources.

Very often a quick glance at a note will tell an expert where the note was manufactured, as the style of coloring and geometrical lathework distinguish certain companies. The type of paper used and the watermark as well are often clues.

Why should the collecting of paper money be continued? Is there anything to justify this series? In my opinion, there are several points which make it worth while:

1. Rarity in relation to U. S. Notes of comparable period:
 - a. Danish West Indies, Alaska, Greenland issues.
2. New issues as frequent to coins:
 - a. British Colonial; revaluations requiring new notes.
3. Notes from places which do not issue their own coins:
 - a. British Colonial, Portuguese, etc., etc.
4. Low premium required.
5. Beauty of bank notes:
 - a. Larger scope for showing artist's skill.
 - b. Use of watermarks.
 - c. Colors make the notes more interesting.

For many years I felt that the collecting of gold coins was too expensive. Now I believe the gold coins to be cheaper in relation to intrinsic value than most collector's items. (Excepting, of course, great rarities in small size coins or notes). Large coins have always been in demand, but small coins, in the opinion of many dealers and collectors, "are just not worth bothering about." There are few issues which do not have distinctive types. Formerly the practice was to have a single design serve for all denominations.

The weight and the size determined the value. Since the twentieth century the practice has been reversed, and each value has had a distinctive type of obverse and reverse. In this respect there is a return to the classical system.

The basic coins in the modern gold system are the pound, the franc and the dollar. Accordingly, the values were prior to 1934 devaluation: Pound \$5.00; the half eagle \$5.00; the 20-franc piece (on the Latin Monetary Union Standard) \$4.00. These values are approximate.

What is of considerable interest is to see where there were attempts by nations to coin on the dollar system and yet strike special coins which would fit in with the franc system. For example, the Cuban Government struck a 4 and 5 peso piece, thus following the example set by the Guatemalan Government many years prior. The purpose was to have a coin fit in each system. Belgium, Spain, Venezuela struck 20 and 25 unit coins. Again, we see that the 20 (francs or pesetas, etc.,) was to be used in the local system, whereas the 25 was to equate the pound. Roumania struck a special 25-lei piece on a thin planchet which was to symbolize the 2-ducats piece, in the same way that the 50-lei on the thin planchet was to resemble the 4-ducats piece. In this instance the values failed to correspond. Newfoundland struck a \$2 gold piece. This coin, it is worthy to note, was equal to two U. S. gold dollars in value, but weighed less. The gold was on the English fineness standard of 916 $\frac{2}{3}$, whereas the American fineness is 900. Thus the Newfoundland gold piece of better grade gold is lighter. The Balkan coins were of a fixed weight slightly heavier than the Austrian krone. (Bulgaria, Montenegro and Liechtenstein were on the same standard.) Ecuador is an interesting example, as through a study of her coinage as revealed in the weight and fineness of the gold pieces may be seen her change of allegiance from England to the U. S. In 1900 Ecuador struck a 10-sucres gold piece, which was exactly the same value as the British pound. In 1928, however, Ecuador coinage has shifted; the new condor is the same as our half eagle. The coins have told the story. Other interesting sidelights of small-size gold coins are the coinages of Europe on the Latin Monetary Union standard after the standard existed no more: Yugoslavia, 1925; Albania, 1938. Finally there may be shown the group of coins which retain the outward L. M. U. so called "vestigial structure," but which have little direct connection. The Italian 100 lire of the 2nd and 3rd reductions; the French 100 francs of 1936; the Finland 200 markka of 1926.

Finally, in conclusion, I would like to say a few words about what can be done in this series. There are many entire issues about which very little is known. Only by collecting a series arduously, and studying it intimately, can the facts be secured. From the combination of the findings of several persons engaged on similar work, a fairly intelligent catalogue could be evolved. I have attempted to do this with the Spanish 80 and 100 real series, and the Colombian 5 pesos (or pounds). An amazing amount of new die varieties have been noted. The Portuguese series is new territory, in so far as a study of these coins is concerned of the issues since 1850. In many nations there were no larger pieces coined than the equivalent of our half eagle. There is much room for thought, and the series is easy to secure, because as small coins they are neglected.

(In connection with his address Mr. Bullowa showed about 30 small-size gold coins, principally from South American and European countries, and two albums of paper money, one current and the other obsolete, approximately 200 notes.)

COIN WEEK FEATURES IN MINNEAPOLIS.

The newspapers of the Twin Cities have been generous in calling attention to National Coin Week. There have been more than a dozen articles, five of them with photographs. We have had two radio programs, one in January with Russell Nyberg, and in March with Jas. J. MacGowan. Rev. John J. Lewis will be on another program April 2nd. Mr. Arthur McCracken, Russell Nyberg, Jas. J. MacGowan, Oce Curtis, J. L. Montgomery, Carl Becken, James Benane, Kenneth Snyder and Paul Olson have all made arrangements to have exhibits in downtown show windows.

Rev. Elias Rasmussen will exhibit his collection of U. S. dollars and patterns and commemorative half dollars at our April 4th meeting in the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis. Members have been signed up for both the local club and the A. N. A.

Henry Christophe From Slave To King

By HUGH KELLY,
Elmhurst, L. I., N. Y.

(A paper read at a meeting of the Bronx Coin Club.)

Henry Christophe was born a slave on a French-owned plantation in the British West Indies in the year 1767. Nothing is known of his parents except that they were negro slaves brought from Africa. He was brought up like all slave children, without education. But at the age of 7 he was apprenticed to the negro who followed the trade of stone mason on the plantation. He learned his trade very well, but at the age of 12 he ran away and was given refuge by the captain of a French sailing vessel. The ship sailed south and in the month of August, 1779, reached its destination—Saint Domingue, as Haiti was then called. It put in at the port of Cap Haitien. The island at that time, particularly the western half, was owned by France and was considered a valuable possession.

About that time Benjamin Franklin had visited France and had asked aid for the American colonies. Saint Domingue was asked to contribute 1,500 men for the American Revolutionary War. A French fleet of twenty-four ships put into the harbor of Cap Haitien and Henry was sold to a young French officer as a general servant. The French ships sailed north and reached the mouth of the Savannah River on the coast of Georgia, lay at anchor through a month of rain, and again sailed south. The expedition had been a failure, except in the effect it had on the young negro slave. When Henry Christophe returned to Saint Domingue he carried with him vivid recollections. He heard the French soldiers and the American farmers talk of liberty, war and revolution.

When the volunteers disbanded the French officer had no further use for Henry, so he was sold again, this time to a free negro at Cap Haitien, an inn-keeper named Coidovic. Henry was put to work as a stable boy and carried out his duties very well. In a few years Coidovic raised him to the position of waiter and billiard marker. Henry became very popular with the guests at the cafe and by the time he had reached his 20s he had enough money saved to buy his freedom. This was a privilege made possible for a negro slave of Saint Domingue only by virtue of having a good master and enough money.

When the Bastille was stormed in France in 1789 the fire of revolution spread through the colonies. The cry went up "Liberty—Equality—Fraternity."

The population of Saint Domingue at that time was 500,000 slaves, 24,000 free mulattoes and 40,000 whites whose members were split in sharp divisions. Gradually the revolutionary spirit spread. August 22, 1793, was the signal for the outbreak. Over 600 coffee plantations and 200 sugar refineries were given to the flames. Hundreds of whites were dragged from hiding and put to death in the most horrible manner. Murder and execution were the order of the day. A negro coachman named Toussaint l'Ouverture, a leader of the rebellion, sought an honorable peace, but failed. The same year France went to war with England and Spain. Toussaint and other leaders crossed over into the Spanish half of the island and became generals in the Spanish army. And to complete the treason the whites appealed to England for aid. A French Republican general tried to expel both invaders, but failed. But the negro general, Toussaint, soon realized that his life-long ambition—freedom for the negro slaves—could best be achieved under the French tricolor. In a daring campaign he led his ragged legions of ex-slaves over the mountain ranges of the north, and, storming a dozen towns, raised the French tricolor, proclaiming emancipation for the blacks.

Among the first volunteers was Henry Christophe, who had married the inn-keeper's daughter and was now 26 years old. He was given the rank of sergeant and put in charge of a small band of men. In seven years Toussaint was master of the island. The armies of Spain were conquered and the British were driven into the sea. Toussaint became Governor General

of Saint Domingue and Henry Christophe, the slave boy, became Military Governor of Cap Haitien.

Under the First Consulate of Bonaparte, France was at peace in 1801. But Napoleon had to find an outlet for his armies and generals. In the winter of 1802 he sent his brother-in-law, General Le Clerc, in command of an expeditionary force of 22,000 men, to Saint Domingue to take control of the island from the negro generals. But Toussaint and Christophe were not going to give up their hard won freedom without a fight. When the French were about to land, Christophe put the torch to his own house, and of the 800 buildings in Cap Haitien only 60 were left standing. He gave a challenge of war to Napoleon, who had never known defeat, and when General Le Clerc landed he had nothing to see but a smoking mass of ruins. Henry went back to the hills which had so often before given him shelter, there to join his generals, Toussaint and Dessalines. But the fortunes of war did not favor them. After many months of bitter fighting their ragged armies began to desert them. So they decided to make peace on the terms already offered by General Le Clerc.

The terms of the peace were freedom for the slaves, Henry Christophe and Dessalines to retain their ranks as generals in the French army, and Toussaint, his lifelong ambition realized, freedom for the blacks, divested himself of all office and honors and retired to a small plantation. One month later he was invited to the home of a French general, and when he got there he was made prisoner and conveyed on a warship to France. General Toussaint l'Ouverture, the great soldier and liberator of his race, never saw his native island again. He died April 27, 1803, in a stone dungeon at the foot of the Alps.

The same ruse was tried on Henry Christophe and Dessalines, but failed. They knew then that the object of France was to establish slavery again. So, reorganizing their forces, they again took to the hills with all the equipment they could seize. Bitter fighting raged, disease set in among the French troops and General Le Clerc contracted yellow fever and died. He was replaced by General Rochambeau. The French held Cap Haitien and other important positions. Dessalines and Christophe swooped down from the hills and in a great battle which lasted all day the French forts were stormed and captured. Rochambeau and his officers were made prisoners, Napoleon's armies were conquered, the negro slaves were masters of the island.

On January 1, 1804, the independence of Haiti (newly named by Dessalines after an old Indian name) was officially proclaimed. In August 1804 Napoleon took the title of Emperor. Two months later Jean Jacques Dessalines was crowned first Emperor of Haiti. His reign ended after two years. He was ambushed and killed by his own soldiers.

The time had now come for Henry Christophe to take his place as head of the State. He issued an order that a National Assembly be convened to draw up a republican constitution and appoint a ruler. On December 27, 1806, after nine days' debate, a republican constitution was produced and Henry Christophe was declared President of Haiti for a period of four years. The constitution proved a failure. The jealous mulattoes of the south lacked the courage to recognize their need for a leader. They retired to the southern end of the island and formed a republic at Port au Prince. Christophe returned to Cap Haitien. At his order all civil and military leaders came together to draw up a constitution. On February 17, 1807, the new constitution became law. Henry was made general of the land and sea forces of Haiti with power to choose his own successor. Catholicism was declared the official religion of the State. Divorce was forbidden, education was compulsory. The President was to receive a salary equivalent to \$40,000 a year out of a treasury which did not exist. The country was bankrupt. Haiti had no currency, so Henry decided to create one.

Among the variety of plants growing on the island was the gourde vine, the fruit of which was used by the natives for making utensils (spoons, bowls, etc.). The fruit was dried in the sun and cut into the required shapes. Henry issued an order that every green gourde in the island was the property of the State. He sent soldiers out to collect them and soon had more than 227,000 green gourdes deposited in the "treasury." He put a value of 20 sous on each, and when the coffee crop was ripe the cultivators brought the dried berries into the capital. Christophe bought them at the market value

and paid out his gourdes. Then he resold the coffee to European merchants for gold. Before the end of the year the State of Haiti had a metal currency of absolute stability in circulation, and to this day the standard coin of Haiti is called the gourde.

In March, 1811, nine members of the Council of State met privately and decided to make Henry a king. France, they thought, had no use for a republic, so on June 2, 1811, they put a golden crown on his head and a jewelled sceptre in his hand. The coronation ceremony was held in the Cathedral of Cap Haitien. A French priest officiated and, in the name of God, President Henry Christophe was invested with the power and name of King. Here is a list of titles created by the royal household: 4 princes, 8 dukes, 32



Double Gourde of Henry I of Haiti, 1811.

counts, 37 barons and 40 chevaliers. In August of the same year he decided to build a palace at Sans Souci. When completed in 1812 it was the finest building in the New World. It rose four stories and was built of marble, brick and plaster. For a cooling system a mountain stream was conducted under the great marble halls. In dusty uniform he directed the workers—remembering the trade he learned long ago on a Caribbean isle. The island grew rich under the King's strict rule. By his orders every adult man and woman in the kingdom was required to work. Once, standing on the walls of his palace, he looked through his telescope and saw a negro farmer asleep by the door of his hut. Twice before the same man had been reprimanded for idling during working hours. He called for a captain of artillery and



Double Gourde of Henry I of Haiti, 1813.

ordered him into the gallery where a huge cannon was set. Henry lit the fuse and the cannon ball crushed the farmer and his hut together.

Cultivators under code were bound to the soil. Hospital and medical attention was furnished by the landlords. They were also required to support the aged and infirm. They were forbidden to transfer a worker from one branch of activity to another against his wishes. Any neglect on the part of the landlord brought swift demotion down to the rank of common laborer. The mulatto President at Port au Prince called Henry a tyrant for enforcing such laws. Christophe replied and pointed out that the mulatto President had issued 4,000,000 worthless dollars stamped out of tin with the remark that all men are thieves.

King Henry controlled the meat supply and became the chief butcher of

the kingdom. In all business deals Haiti bought with products and sold for gold. In one year his plantations had produced 10,000,000 pounds of sugar and exported 20,000,000 pounds of coffee, 5,000,000 pounds of cacao and 4,000,000 pounds of cotton and other products. He brought experts from England who built and equipped a weaving mill in Cap Haitien, which was so successful that Haiti ceased importing cotton cloth. Besides his palace at Sans Souci he erected seven other palaces and fifteen chateaus. He built national schools and brought teachers from Europe who were soon giving instructions to over 2,000 pupils. He also compelled every boy ten years and over to learn a trade with tools supplied by the State. In June, 1804, at the order of Dessalines, work was begun on a great fortress on a mountain 3,000 feet above sea level. Owing to civil strife, the work was not completed. In 1819, when the island had grown rich under Henry, he decided to complete it. A mulatto engineer named Henry Besse had evolved the design under Henry's supervision. Following the original plan, the fortress took the shape of an irregular square tapering to a gigantic prow that pointed magnetic north. The walls measured 80 to 130 feet high, 20 to 30 feet thick. A great underground cistern caught every drop of rain that fell on the fortress. There were deep dungeons, powder magazines and treasure chambers, with 365 huge bronze cannon, one for each day of the year, and housing for a garrison of 10,000 troops. It was to be a defense against attack by any foreign power and one to test the skill of engineers at any time. It was the most impressive structure ever conceived by a negro's brain in the thousands of years of the race's history.

William Wilberforce, a member of the British Parliament who advocated universal freedom for the negroes, asked Admiral Popham, of the British West Indies Fleet, to visit the island and write his impressions. He was shown over everything of importance in the new kingdom and then King Henry asked him to review his troops. As each regiment passed, Admiral Popham was treated to a different and striking uniform and each man six feet tall. As the afternoon passed, the Admiral, dazed and marveling, estimated that not less than 30,000 men had passed before him. What he did not know was that an important detail of the review had been concealed from him. As each squad passed from sight the men broke ranks, turned off when half way down the stairway and, filing through a concealed opening in the wall, hurried by an underground passage to the barracks and there changed uniforms and fell into rank to pass again before the Admiral. Christophe had taken advantage of the notion that to Europeans all negroes look alike and had treated the British Admiral to thirty views of the same one thousand men.

In 1815, when Napoleon escaped from Elba, he had written King Henry for an alliance, but the King replied with a short, contemptuous challenge, and when later Louis XVIII sent his envoys to Haiti to bargain for the return of the island to the status of a French colony, he executed one as a spy and sent the other back to France with a large bottle full of small seeds, with instructions to tell Louis that twice as many men as there were seeds in the bottle would be required to conquer Haiti.

But as King Henry's wealth and power grew, so did his enemies, and he must have known that the end was not far away, for in the summer of 1820 the British Admiral again visited the island. He came to say "goodbye"—he was going home to England. When he was about to sail he took on board a heavy iron chest sealed with the royal seal. It contained \$6,000,000 in gold to be deposited in the Bank of England in the name of Marie Louise—Henry's Queen. Soon after the King was stricken with paralysis, which left him permanently disabled. In October, 1820, the situation became desperate. Whole regiments of his troops deserted him to the republican cause, and as the King lay in his bed in his palace at Sans Souci he could see the rebel army collecting in the valley. He tried desperately to rally his few loyal followers, but the crown was toppling from his head, and as the rebels stormed the palace, the king took a loaded pistol from a cabinet beside his bed and sent a golden bullet through his brain. He was buried in a floating pool of fresh lime in the great fortress on the mountain. So ended the life of Henry Christophe, the slave boy who rose to be King of the Haiti island.

Translation of Inscriptions on Haitian Coins.

HENRICUS DEI GRATIA HAITI REX. Henry, by the Grace of God, King of

Haiti). DEUS CAUSA. ATQUE GLADIUS MEUS. (God is the cause, and my sword.)

HENRY I^r. PARLA GRACE DE DIEU. (Henry 1st, by the Grace of God.) ROI D'HAÏTY. 1813. AN 10 DE L'INDEP. (King of Haiti. 1813. 10th year of Independence.)

A Numismatist—Why?

By JOHN L. DOOLEY
Topeka, Kan.

(A paper presented to the New York Convention of the A. N. A.)

What is there in scouting around for rare cent pieces or uncovering a series of uncirculated coins that gives to the numismatist the enviable satisfaction, the singular enjoyment, the deep-felt thrill that it does? Wherein lie the charm, the unique interest and the fascination of this popular hobby?

Perhaps it's this—coin collecting is not an ordinary hobby. It is not a routine accumulation of common articles whose interest and value time often destroys. Rather, it is one of the most appealing, most profitable, and most educational avocations, and often vocations, that there is.

Each new coin acquired, or even inspected, each additional fact added to the collector's numismatic knowledge has something further, something more to contribute to his constant pleasure in his hobby, to his self-education, and to the increasing value of his leisure time. Time only feeds his interest, piles higher his profits. And, contrary to the opinion of many, coin collecting is not an enjoyment and a delightful business available only to the wealthy. Money is never lost; large funds are not even necessary for investment. A collector who saves the issues of all the coins struck during his life-time has in his possession a valuable collection. His acquired knowledge, coupled with his spontaneous effort, enables him to increase its worth by affecting worth-while trades and exchanges.

Within the hobby of coin collecting is played the drama of civilization; behind it lies the history of our centuries of progress and development, and the romance of the prominent eras of lives and countries, even of empires. Through coins, ancient history is traced. They constitute for collectors a museum of the lives of people before us. Is it any wonder there is this fascination, this unique interest for numismatists?

Aside from all this, collecting coins teaches the value of money. It encourages habits of thrift, and also offers a wonderful means of using leisure time profitably and enjoyably. For the youth of our country especially it offers an answer to many of their problems of recreation and worth-while use of otherwise idle hours.

And coin collecting is fun! A numismatist makes numerous social contacts, finds himself after a few months, not only with a keener intellect, a wealth of knowledge, a fine display of coins of which he can be proud, but also with many "jolly good friends" who can share the thrills and fascination that he knows from collecting coins.

The Coinage of Sagalassos Under Claudius Gothicus

By HANS HOLZER
Jackson Heights, L. I.

(A paper presented to the New York Convention of the A. N. A.)

As a consequence of the financial disaster that took place under Gallienus, when the silver antoninianus was devalued to mere copper, the bronze coinage of the Roman colonies and Greek cities became unnecessary. For the bronze coins of lower face value, as a matter of fact, had more intrinsic metal value than the pseudo-silver antoninianus of high face value. Therefore, most of the Greek cities discontinued their coinage during the later part of Gallienus' reign and under Claudius Gothicus, who was not any more able to improve the financial situation of the Empire than was his predecessor.

There were five cities in the country of Pisidia, in Asia Minor, which still

struck their own local coins at this time. The coinage was discontinued however during Claudius' reign. In order to replace all the vanished local mints, the municipal mint at Kyzikos, in Mysia, was reopened as an Imperial mint and pseudo-silver antoniniani were struck at this place.

The coins of the five cities mentioned above have much in common, as, for instance, the crude die and workmanship, as well as the lack of any weight standard according to which they could have been struck.

There is nothing known concerning the valuation of this local currency against the Roman Imperial standard and monetary system. There are, however, certain marks of value on these coins, especially on those of the city of Sagalassos, whose coinage I shall describe in the following and therefore disregard the four other cities. These marks are found either on obverse or reverse or sometimes on both sides of the coins. We know the signs I, A, S which occur and which are the Greek equivalents to the Latin numerals 10, 1, 6.

There is a coin in existence, though quite rare, which shows on the obverse I and on the reverse A.* If we assume that this means 10 equal to 1, then we could compare this mark of value to the well-known Roman mark X on Republican denarii, as well as to the mark XX and XX.I which appear on the antoniniani since Aurelianus' reform of coinage. I would suggest to give the coin of Sagalassos with these marks as well as all those coins that have only I or no mark, but the same size and appearance, the face value of 1 denarius, equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ antoninianus Roman Imperial currency. I should also like to mention that the Egyptian so-called "large bronze" struck at Alexandria nowadays is considered a copper drachme.

Now, as drachme in this connection is nothing else but the Greek translation for denarius, and as the bronze of Sagalassos and that of Alexandria have the same size and appearance, it might be assumed not without any serious reasons that the Sagalassos I "large bronze" had the value of 1 denarius equal to 10 assaria or asses, as indicated by the numeral I. Significant also it seems to me that most of the Sagalassos bronzes of large size show only the numeral I for 10, while a smaller number has both I and A. This also is a parallel to the Imperial coinage where the antoninianus sometimes has only X, sometimes XX.I. I do realize of course that there are several reasons mostly of metrological nature that stand against the theory as described above. A discussion of this difficult but interesting matter would, I am sure, be of the highest value to bring light into this dark spot of Roman colonial coinage.

There are also pieces in existence with the mark of value S, meaning 6, smaller in size and of the face value of 6 assaria.

Imhoof-Blumer, the famous numismatist, suggested a similar explanation, differing only inasmuch as he read I A as 10 A(ssaria). The denomination of 6 assaria is of course somewhat unusual, but as a colonial one not surprising. Furthermore, there are pieces of 12 assaria of Selge in existence.

Parting with the metrological part of my description, I am now coming to the types of the Sagalassos coins.

The city of Sagalassos, in Pisidia, by the way, was a very mighty community and had a large population. She had the privilege of coinage since Augustus' days. During the Gothic war, having been cut off from the mint city of Kyzikos, Sagalassos was forced to issue her own currency again in order to continue her commercial relations. These coins are quite neatly struck and show a considerable number of interesting types. There are, however, frequent mistakes in writing. The Emperor's official title on the obverse of the coins reads Autokratoron Kaisaron Markon Aurelion Klaudion, in three different abbreviations. There are also three different counterstamps which often occur on these bronzes, namely:

1. A female bust with modius on her head.
2. A shield, similar to a rosace.
3. An eagle with open wings, head turned back and holding a wreath in his mouth.

As this is a restricted topic, I do not want to enlarge on this peculiar subject. In order to illustrate the coinage of Sagalassos whose few coins seldom show up, I would like to give a description of one specimen of this series. It is in my own collection of counterstamped Roman coins.

Obv. Laureate bust of Claudius to r. AV. K. M. AVR. KLAVDION. I at r. of bust. Counterstamp "eagle with open wings etc." at right.

*Markl, pl. X, 37.

Rx. The Genius of the people of Sagalassos bareheaded and the Genius of the Roman Senate veiled, standing facing each other, each holding a patera over an altar standing between them, A above altar. BOTAH ΔΗΜΟC CAFAAACCEWN ("The will of the people of Sagalassos," or in Roman words, "Populi Sagalassi Consulo").

This would correspond to the Roman SC, meaning Senatus Consulto. One more thing: The eagle, especially in this peculiar attitude, seems to me definitely Egyptian. I suppose the counterstamp is Egyptian, giving the Pisidian bronze current value for Egypt also.

UNTOLD WEALTH AT BOTTOM OF SEA NEAR NEW YORK.

The tragic case of His Majesty's frigate Hussar, which lies buried in the mud of the East River somewhere off Point Morris in the Bronx, New York, has just been recalled by the offer of Bronx Borough President James J. Lyons to give 20 per cent. of the ship's treasure—estimated to be \$4,000,000—to anyone who will salvage it. Since the Hussar sank in 1780 at least four attempts have been made to recover the money. Now, according to President Lyons, it is anyone's for the taking—on condition that 80 per cent. of it go to the needy in the Bronx.

This tale of fabulous wealth lying just out of reach recalls other stories of buried and sunken treasure, gold and pieces-of-eight, believed or known to be hidden near New York. Great riches await the finders, if rumor is to be credited.

Captain Kidd is reputed to have buried a king's ransom in the sands near New York. Rye and Sleepy Hollow are among the outstanding possibilities. Captain Kidd is reported to have appeared mysteriously one stormy night at Rye, and to have disappeared under a shroud of secrecy in the morning. At Sleepy Hollow, near the André Statue, the headless bones of a long-dead Negro—believed to have been Kidd's slave—were found.

Generally speaking, the swirling tides which gnaw at Manhattan and nearby shores cover authenticated treasure the value of which exceeds by far all the loot buried beneath the earth of the city. Off Cape May, N. J., to mention one example, lies the hulk of the City of Athens with \$3,000,000 in the strong room. In addition to the Hussar, at least one sailing ship with gold and silver on board is reportedly sunk in the East River. Off Bridgeport, Conn., is the steamship Lexington, which sank in Long Island Sound while carrying thousands of dollars in coin and bullion.

THE CHEMISTRY BACKGROUND OF ANCIENT GREEK COINS.

The American Philosophical Society has recently issued a numismatic publication entitled "The Composition of Ancient Greek Bronze Coins," by E. A. Caley, a Princeton chemistry professor. The study is exactly what the title indicates. It covers 200 pages of analytical research into the component elements in the coinages, which have been segregated according to the geographical localities. In the ten-page conclusion, Dr. Paley shows that coins of the same period are usually similar. The study also revealed that over a period of time changes did occur in the composition of the metal, which was related to the place of and time of manufacture.

The study is highly scientific and of interest only to advanced numismatic students, with a chemical background. Its main value however, is general, in that it has shown that our present terms for classical metals are quite inaccurate, and subject to modification when subjected to chemical analysis.

RADIO TALKS FOR COIN WEEK.

In connection with National Coin Week, two radio talks are scheduled from the New York area on well-known stations.

Farran Zerbe will speak over station WNYC at 3.30 P. M. April 4th.

Howard D. Gibbs, of Pittsburgh, is expected to speak on "Hobby Lobby," March 31, at 5 and 11 P. M.

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Editorial Comment—Numismatic News

CORRECT TERMINOLOGY REQUESTED.

Many efforts have been made in the course of years by various interested numismatists to remove the word "penny" from the American vocabulary and substitute "cent" or the correct version which appears upon our coinage. A similar campaign has been waged in connection with the "buffalo" nickel, its adherents stressing that the animal is an American bison which lived on the plains, and that buffaloes live only in East India, in the rice marshes. We encourage this view. Let us use only the term bison nickel.

A recent catalogue has shown another lapse of collector's correctness, which is in a far more vital category. The appellation "buffalo" nickel, when used, irrespective of its incorrectness, does harm to no one. But when one reads of a Morgan dime, it is a grave injustice to Mr. Charles E. Barber, who engraved the dime and who placed his initial upon the truncation of the bust. Apparently this has been in vain. For those who collect the series of coins issued between 1892 and 1916 we should like to point out that the silver dollar alone was designed by Mr. Morgan. His initial appears on the obverse truncation of the bust, and also upon the left bow of the ribbon on the reverse.

The half dollar of 1892, and the quarter of 1892, and also the dime of

1892 were all designed by Mr. Charles E. Barber. The truncation of the bust of all three denominations bear his initial, "B." For this reason they should be known as Barber half dollar, quarter and dime, respectively.

How this confusion started we do not know. For the sake of numismatics, try to associate the correct designer with the correct coin.

Numismatists should always give credit where credit is due. Were the coins issued in 1892 all unsigned, it would be entirely plausible to associate them with the Morgan design, but in view of the designer's initial being upon each piece, it would seem entirely reasonable to associate the name of the man with the initial appearing upon the coin. Let this error appear no longer in our numismatic literature.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

New Zealand—To commemorate the signing of the Waitangi Treaty a commemorative series has been issued in New Zealand. On the 22nd of January, 1840, Captain Hobson raised in New Zealand the Union Jack and was able to secure the native chief's acceptance of Queen Victoria's sovereignty.



The new coins, of the halfpenny, penny and half crown values, were engraved by L. C. Mitchell, of Wellington. The effigy of King George VI was by Hugh Paget, and his initials, HP, appear below the head of the King.

The reverse of the half crown is rather unusual. In the center stands a native Maori woman with outstretched hands, and rays of the sun in the background. At the left are two native buildings of the era prior to the white man's arrival. A "wharepuni," or thatch hut, and a "puhara" or lookout stage. At the right is a modern skyscraper-type building, representative of the growth of New Zealand's flourishing commercial centers.

The penny and the halfpenny in bronze have native designs. The penny shows the "tui," one of the most attractive birds of New Zealand, perched on the national plant, the "kowhai," which is extraordinary because of its

feathery leaves and superb blossoms. The reverse of the halfpenny shows the "tiki," a Maori talisman, made of green stone. At each side of the "tiki" is a Maori scroll design.

The half crown bears the dates 1840-1940, and is therefore strictly commemorative. The penny and halfpenny are only commemorative by virtue of being issued the first time for the centennial year.

(Specimens for illustration from the Chase National Bank, New York City.)

MINT MARKS ON SPANISH COINS.

P. K. Anderson, District Secretary of the A. N. A. for Venezuela, writes as follows:

"In line with Thos. W. Voetter's paper in the February issue, the following may be of the type wanted. My authority for it is "El Duro," published by Adolfo Herrera in Madrid in 1914."

An Oddity in Mint Marks.

During the reign of Isabella II of Spain, 1833-1868, there were three mints in operation on the Spanish peninsula, namely, Madrid, Seville, and Barcelona. At the beginning of the reign the mint marks of the three mints were the first letter of their respective names, with that of Madrid having a crown over it. However, in the year 1850 there appeared a new mark. The previous mint marks disappeared and coins began appearing with two stars on the obverse, one on each side of the value. These stars had six, seven, or eight points and were the marks of Madrid, Seville and Barcelona, respectively. These stars continued to be placed on the coins well into the reign of Alfonso XII (1874-1885), although I have not seen coins of Amadeo I except with the six-pointed star.

No record can be found authorizing this change in mint marks, and the only record available which permits us to assign coins to their proper origin is an edict issued June 17, 1861, eleven years after the change had taken place. This edict was written to the superintendent of the Madrid Mint by Marquis de la Vega de Armijo, who was at that time Civil Governor. A rather free translation of this edict is as follows:

"The Director General of Mints and Mines informs me that in order to avoid mistakes in identification of the coins which are taken from circulation every three months and which are forwarded to this office for assay, the marks of each mint shall be the stars which are found below the coat of arms. Those of six points being for your mint, seven that of Seville and eight of Barcelona."

AN AID IN DETECTING COUNTERFEIT NOTES AND COINS.

The United States Secret Service has issued a leaflet entitled "Know Your Money." In it are listed the three main types of currency printed by the Government for circulation: Federal Reserve notes, with green seals; United States notes, with red seals, and Silver certificates, with blue seals. (Not mentioned are gold notes, with gold seals, or National Bank notes, with brown seals.)

It lists the portraits appearing on the denominations up to \$100.

Four headings are given in connection with the detection of counterfeit bills:

- a. The excellence of the portrait. The clarity of the background.
- b. The seal is even in respect to the points around it.
- c. Serial numbers are evenly printed.
- d. Paper contains small red and blue silk threads.

For the detection of counterfeit coins it is recommended that:

- a. The coins be tested for a clear tone on a hard surface by ringing them.
- b. The feel of a counterfeit is greasy.
- c. The edge (reeding) will not be even if counterfeit.
- d. The counterfeit coin may be cut with a knife.
- e. If silver, acid will turn it black.

Copies of the leaflet may be obtained from local police headquarters throughout the country.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Paraguay—This country has issued a set of five new coins. Three of them are struck in aluminum, the 50 centavos, the 1 and 2 pesos. These pieces are dated 1938. There is also a 5 and 10 peso value, struck in nickel and dated 1939.

Paraguay has almost continually been in financial difficulties from a numismatic point of view. Regular coinages have been few and far between, and usually in base metals. The business of the nation apparently is done in paper money. In 1925 Paraguay issued a set of 50 centavos, 1 and 2 pesos, in nickel. In 1938 coins of the same designs and values were struck in aluminum. It is very seldom that nations issue minor currencies in the same design of different metals. The new 1939 5 and 10 peso nickel pieces were probably coined from the metal first contained in the 1925 coinage.

Not even the design of the issue is modern, since it was first adopted in



1908, when a set of 50, 20 and 5 centavos were coined. Financial difficulties and the Chaco dispute impoverished the nation to the extent that the 1908 20 centavos in nickel and the 1939 5 pesos in nickel are the same size. Thus in 30 years Paraguay exhibits an unusual inflation in the value of the peso. (Specimens from the New Netherlands Coin Company, New York City.)

ARCHAIC GREEK COINS FOUND IN SYRIA.

A brief monograph (in French) by Mr. C. F. A. Schaeffer, describing a find of archaic Greek coins found at Ras Shamra, in Syria, in 1936, has proved to be quite interesting. The coins were mainly Thracian and Macedonian, and interesting problems in trade routes are connected with this find. The coins are illustrated from the time of their discovery, with a shattered jug, to the plates showing them after having been restored.

When paper money was introduced in Ceylon by the Dutch in 1785, it drove silver and gold out of circulation. All transactions were conducted in paper or copper coins.

A PROBLEM FOR ASSAYERS.

From time to time we read in the daily press and magazines reports of attempts, either actual or contemplated, to salvage sunken treasure along the Atlantic Coast from Boston to Hatteras. Elsewhere in this issue is a news item recently published giving the supposed location of some of the treasure ships at the bottom of the sea. We can recall but few instances where such salvage operations have been even partly successful. Unquestionably there are some gold and silver coins in strong-boxes in vessels on the floor of the sea, but their value, commercially or numismatically, has doubtless been exaggerated.

There is one phase of the subject that, from a numismatic point of view at least, does not seem to have been given consideration in proposed salvage operations, and we mention it here because we have never heard it discussed. It is this: What effect would salt water have on gold and silver coins that have lain on the ocean bed for a hundred or two hundred years?

In Frank H. Stewart's "First United States Mint: Its People and Its Operations," compiled largely from records at the Philadelphia Mint, he cites an instance of what had happened to a salvaged lot of silver coins, which prompts our query. Mr. Stewart says:

"A deposit of silver bullion made by the Bank of North America consisted of Spanish silver dollars that had been aboard a ship sunk in salt water and which were, in consequence, dubbed 'wrecked' dollars. . . . On May 30, 1793, the Bank of North America took two lots of one hundred dollars each out of the seventeen boxes of dollars stored in its cellar and sent them to . . . W. Gibson and Assay Master Cox at the mint to be assayed. The first lot weighed 1646 pennyweights and 12 grains and the other lot 1646 pennyweights and 18 grains. Gibson melted fifty of the 'wrecked' dollars sent to him, and the ingot of pure silver produced 'proved that the fine silver rather exceeds the standard, the reason of which probably is that the salt water destroyed the alloy in the dollar beyond the proportion it bore to the silver. . . . The Mint assay showed thirty-six grains more of fine silver to the pound than the standard of the coin of the United States.'"

If the action of the salt water would destroy the alloy (approximately one-tenth of the metal content), or even part of it, what would the appearance of the coin be like? The same reasoning would apply to gold coins.

Can any of our assayer readers give information on the subject?

WHO CAN ATTRIBUTE THESE COINS?

W. C. Sanders, of New Haven, Conn., sends us two countermarked coins and asks us to describe them in *The Numismatist*, hoping that some one will be able to attribute them.

1—The letters "I K" in relief in an oval depression with serrated border on a planchet that may have been a halfpenny, but which has no visible inscription or design.

2—An incuse stamp of an eagle similar to that on U. S. coins prior to 1892, standing on a mound bearing the letters "U S," with olive branch and arrows at right, stamped on a half cent of 1809.

MR. ATWATER'S COLLECTION HAS MANY RARITIES.

The death of William C. Atwater brings to the attention of collectors of rare American coins the question of what the disposition of his rarities will be.

Among the many outstanding rarities which Mr. Atwater was known to have owned are the following, which represent only the quality and type of coins which attracted him: 1804 silver dollar obtained from the Ellsworth collection; a Brasher doubloon, an 1870-S silver dollar, and 1838 New Orleans half dollar. He had as well in his collection a series of proof sets, and also the regular U. S. gold and silver series from all mints in the finest obtainable condition.

NEW OR RECENT ISSUES.

Nicaragua has just released a set of 50, 25 and 10 centavos de cordoba, dated 1939. These pieces are of the same design as the silver series first issued in 1912. The series issued in 1912 were struck in silver, whereas the present coinage is of a reduced standard, and is struck in nickel.

The obverse shows the bust facing of Cordoba, a lieutenant of Davila, who first explored the country in 1522. Cordoba circumnavigated the lake. The reverse of the coins show the sun over five mountain peaks, representing presumably the five nations of the Federal Union of Central American states which was formed in 1823 upon the liberation of these states from Spanish domination. The five states were Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Guatemala and Salvador. Above the mountains around the border is the legend "En Dios Confiamos." The translation of this motto first appeared on United States coins in 1864, "In God We Trust," but had appeared on Central American coins since the early 1820's.



By a law promulgated in Nicaragua in 1912, the cordoba was established as the monetary unit of the nation. Prior to that time a peso had been used. The peso at that time, however, was very much depreciated, and gold was at a 600 per cent. premium in terms of Nicaraguan paper pesos. To eliminate this condition, a new unit was established, giving the country a fresh economic life. (Specimens from New Netherlands Coin Company, New York City.)

COINAGE FOR FEBRUARY, 1940.

Following is the amount of coinage (in dollars and cents) executed at the mints of the United States during February, 1940, as reported by the Bureau of the Mint, Washington, D. C.:

	Philadelphia.	San Francisco.	Denver.
Half dollars	\$ 728,754.50		
Quarter dollars	376,377.25		
Dimes	21,150.90		
Five cents	331,075.90	\$100,000.00	\$ 45,000.00
One cent	118,095.00	48,000.00	30,000.00

Coinage executed for foreign governments at the Philadelphia Mint:

Nicaragua—Nickel 5-centavos, 80,000 pieces; bronze 1 centavo, 2,000,000 pieces.

NEW ISSUE OF PERUVIAN COINS AUTHORIZED.

Peru has authorized the issue of new 5, 10 and 20 centavo coins to a total value of 2,000,000 soles. The Central Reserve Bank of Peru will have charge of the currency. The new coins will be made of nickel.

AMERICAN DOLLARS VS. SHANGHAI DOLLARS.

Last September Capt. M. S. Newton, of the Fourth Regiment U. S. Marines, formerly stationed at Annapolis and a member of the Baltimore Coin Club, sailed for Shanghai, China. Recently he sent a lengthy letter to his numismatic friends in Annapolis, describing his trip and some of his experiences after arriving at his destination. Below we print extracts from his letter describing the currency in Shanghai today and the wonders the American dollar will perform there in comparison with the local currency. He says:

"The money market of Shanghai is a thriving and highly incomprehensible business to those of us who have never experienced currency depreciation. Along the main financial thoroughfare of Shanghai are dozens of money changers' small shops. They follow one general pattern—a counter open to the street with grill work and cashier windows. Inside the enclosure are a desk or two and a battery of as many as a dozen telephones. A constant flow of customers get quotations on the American dollar, the English pound, the Hongkong dollar and other currency in terms of Shanghai dollars and then either buy or sell exactly as in a small stock exchange. The rate changes constantly and during our brief stay in China has varied between \$13.90 and \$10.50 Shanghai dollars for each American dollar. The local dollar is called Mex after the Mexican dollar so widely used here fifty to seventy-five years ago. American dollars are called gold dollars. For the last month the Mex dollar has averaged twelve to one with the gold dollar. The newcomer finds it rather amusing to suddenly find his pockets bulging with bank notes, which they are sure to do as local money is almost never seen in greater denominations than ten dollars. There is a definite thrill in taking one's U. S. pay check downtown and bringing it home neatly bundled up in packages of a thousand dollars each. Silver and copper coins have almost entirely disappeared from circulation since currency depreciation began. Quantities of small bills have been issued in 50c., 20c., 10c., 5c., and 1c. denominations. But these have not been sufficient to prevent a 'small-money' shortage. Consequently there is a flood of 'necessity money' similar to that used in the United States at the end of the Civil War. Street car tokens, bus tickets, postage stamps and business firms' I. O. U.s freely pass back and forth as change.

"These are hard times in Shanghai for the foreigner who is paid in local currency, for prices have risen considerably since 1937, although not as rapidly as the money has depreciated. For the ones paid in stable currency these are golden times in Shanghai. The cost of food has only about doubled since the Mex dollar left its traditional value of about 3 to 1, and labor costs have hardly gone up at all. Rents have shot upward because of the influx of wealthy Chinese who have sought the safety of the Settlement or Concession. The old-time expression 'cheap Chinese labor' is a reality here. Your houseboy, baby amah or chauffeur are rarely paid over \$35 per month, which translates into \$3 gold. For unskilled labor of the class of coolie fifty cents a day is an above average wage, which figures out slightly over a dollar a month in American money. It is a definite satisfaction to get a haircut in a clean modern shop for the familiar price of fifty cents and then to realize that this sum is actually only four cents gold. It costs the same to get your car washed and polished. Your club dues at the exclusive French Club compute to the staggering sum of 25c. monthly. Your No. 1 boy submits the household bills for examination and you find that in our money eggs have cost 10c. a dozen; chickens, ducks and pheasants are about 17c. each; vegetables average about two cents a pound. Your bill for cleaning and pressing your suit will be about 11c., and your laundry bills are in proportion, although paradoxically you cannot escape tattleale gray in what we are apt to incorrectly regard as a nation of laundrymen."

CENTRAL STATES NUMISMATIC SOCIETY CONVENTION.

More than 300 collectors are expected at the annual Central States Numismatic Society convention to be held in conjunction with that of the Iowa Numismatic Association at Burlington, Iowa, April 27 and 28.

Thirty-five displays of all types of coins, paper money and medals, two addresses and papers by nationally known collectors and dealers, and two auctions will mark the convention, in addition to the two separate business

meetings. There will be cruiser rides on the Mississippi, a visit to one of the new lock and dam sites, recently completed, and to the State prison. A special program has been arranged for the ladies.

Three hundred lots will be auctioned Saturday evening, the 27th, and 200 Sunday afternoon, the 28th. Banquets will be held Saturday evening and Sunday noon, all events being open to members of each organization. There will be 12 display awards in addition to numerous attendance prizes.

A reception will open the convention Friday night, the 26th, after which A. N. A. convention movies from H. E. MacIntosh, of Springfield, Mass., will be shown. They will be shown to smaller groups the next two days.

All collectors, regardless of what part of the country they live in and whether members of either organization, are invited to the convention and to participation in all events, including the two auctions. Lots will be limited to fine or better material, with no lot cataloguing under \$1.

A. N. A. promotion will occupy a large part of the headquarters on Hotel Burlington's mezzanine, with data on the library value, *The Numismatist* and about Detroit, where this year's convention will be held, to be distributed. The A. N. A. promotion was arranged by L. W. Hoffecker, President of the A. N. A.; M. Vernon Sheldon, General Secretary; Arthur B. Kelley, C. S. N. S., president, and Ted Hammer, I. N. A. president and convention chairman.

BANK NOTES ISSUED FOR CAPE VERDE ISLANDS.

The Cape Verde Islands have recently issued a new series of notes. The issuing authority in the Islands is the Banco Nacional Ultramarino. All the notes are dated January, 1921, at Lisbon. A general type note was used for the various Portuguese colonies, and the name of the colony was imprinted in red on the obverse and reverse. Thus, notes for Angola, Cape Verde Islands, Guinea, St. Thomas and Princes' Islands and Mozambique are similar except as to imprint of locality.

Recently a devaluation in the escudo has resulted in the surcharging of the Cape Verde notes. The 1 escudo, which shows the portrait of Oliveira Chamico at the left and the seal of the bank at the right, has several large figure 1's in the corners. The center of the note reads: "Um Escudo." The note has been surcharged in the center. On top of "Um Escudo" it now reads "Cinco Escudos" in black letters. Only the value which appears at the base of the seal at the right of the note has been obliterated. All the other 1's in the note on both obverse and reverse are disregarded and appear in full view.

A large-size ten and five escudos note have also been printed. This is the stereotyped Portuguese Colonial Bank issue, except that it is brown in color. It reads at the top: "National Ultramarine Bank" (Banco Nacional Ultramarino) Province of . . . (Provincia de) . . . and the name "Cape Verde" (Cabo Verde) is then printed in afterwards in red.

All the Portuguese colonial notes are issued by Bradbury, Wilkinson & Co., engravers, London.

DIE VARIETIES OF LINCOLN CENTS.

On some of our 1936 Lincoln cents there is a broken R in the word "Liberty" on the obverse. I have found that the 1936 Lincoln with broken R is the rarer of the two.

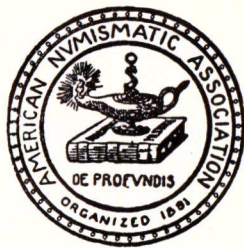
Also, there is a small 7 and a large 7 on our 1937 Lincoln cents. The former is very small and can be easily discerned. I have been able to locate only one specimen of the small 7 type. Both varieties, including 1936 cents, are from the Philadelphia mint and their discoveries were made on the 4th of February, 1940.

STEPHEN TEETS.

Peekskill, N. Y., Feb. 19.

The first regular mint of the Ceylon Government was established about the middle of the eighteenth century at Tuticorin, where pagodas and fanams were chiefly struck.

American Numismatic Association



**Organized 1891, Incorporated under the Laws of the United States
May 9, 1912.**

The annual dues and subscription to *The Numismatist* are \$3 a year, payable to the General Secretary January 1 in advance. For particulars address the General Secretary. The \$3 paid annually by A. N. A. members covers both dues and subscription to *The Numismatist*.

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Report of The General Secretary

New Members to Be Admitted April 1, 1940.

- 7945 S. P. Benjamin, Jr., 140 Alston Ave., New Haven, Conn.
- 7946 Allen Kin-Cade, 401 W. Dravus, Seattle, Wash.
- 7947 Richard S. Yeoman, 414 Lafayette Ave., Racine, Wis.
- 7948 R. H. Bowles, 1720 Fourth Ave., Hickory, N. C.
- 7949 Tilbert S. Anderson, 301 S. Main, McPherson, Kan.
- 7950 Ernest Mullis, 1004 Main St., Klamath Falls, Ore.
- 7951 E. P. Melvin, 115 E. Union St., Pasadena, Cal.
- 7952 A. N. Reider, 2505 Third St., Baker, Ore.
- 7953 N. Elwood Botteiger, 1607 Eighth Ave., Seattle, Wash.
- 7954 R. J. Thoenmes, care Shanghai Municipal Police, Shanghai, China.
- 7955 Loren H. Mills, 6515 Roosevelt Way, Seattle, Wash.
- 7956 Ruth H. Ericksen, Fontainebleau, Odessa, N. Y.
- 7957 Joe B. Burt, 1730 13th Court N., Birmingham, Ala.
- 7958 Guy Burgess, Chase's Crossing, E. Taunton, Mass.
- 7959 Erin W. Smith, 520 S. Sixth St., Springfield, Ill.
- 7960 Robert Graham, Box 392, New London, Mo.
- 7961 Earle H. Kremer, 1817 Liberty St., Allentown, Pa.
- 7962 David W. Wall, 632 N. Snelling Ave., St. Paul, Minn.
- 7963 Maynard F. Kroll, Montague, Mich.
- 7964 H. Prescott Beach, 376 Upper Mountain Ave., Upper Montclair, N. J.
- 7965 H. B. Gilmore, 509 Walnut Ave., Scottsdale, Pa.
- 7966 Walter P. Johnson, 19 W. Rock Ave., New Haven, Conn.
- 7967 Bernard J. McGrath, 146 Portsea St., New Haven, Conn.
- 7968 Anthony M. Jawor, 96 Henry St., New Haven, Conn.
- 7969 James J. Benane, 250 Nicolllet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.
- 7970 Nicholas K. Sharp, 1268 N. Fourth St., Columbus, Ohio.
- 7971 S. C. Churray, 417 Ridge Ave., Canonsburg, Pa.
- 7972 Albert F. Hersey, 17 Poplar St., Springfield, Vt.
- 7973 Kenneth M. Saunders, The Stamp Shop, Charleston, W. Va.
- 7974 Salvatore Musumeci, 315 High St., Lawrence, Mass.
- 7975 John H. Wild, M. D., 690 Ellicott St., Buffalo, N. Y.
- 7976 Anthony A. Gill, 3231 S. 14th St., Milwaukee, Wis.
- 7977 Paul Janicke, 194-37 112th Ave., St. Albans, L. I., N. Y.
- 7978 Keith Farmer, Park Hotel, Sac City, Iowa.
- 7979 B. H. Terry, 18 E. Fourth St., Cincinnati, Ohio.
- 7980 John Q. Qualtrough, 89 Collingsworth Rd., El Paso, Texas.

- 7981 Zion Myers, 700 N. Beverly Glen, W. Los Angeles, Cal.
 7982 Dr. John C. Aldinger, 8126 South Gate Ave., South Gate, Cal.
 7983 John C. Carr, 404 Scarritt Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.
 7984 M. E. Thienes, 1201½ First Ave., Evansville, Ind.
 7985 Jacob Peleyger, 806 E. 52d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 7986 O. A. Compton, 117 E. Baseline St., Hillsboro, Ore.
 7987 Ellen R. Sullivan, 1407 Alexander S. E., Grand Rapids, Mich.
 7988 Fred Olsen, 1526 State St., Alton, Ill.
 7989 Sidney Watkins, 1602 E. 105th St., Cleveland, Ohio.
 7990 Ray, R. Fesenmaier, New Ulm, Minn.
 7991 Paul G. Archer, 415 S. Fifth St., Laramie, Wyo.
 7992 Rex D. McIntire, 1702 Lucas Hunt, St. Louis, Mo.
 7993 Henry M. Weeks, 9 Oriole Ave., Providence, R. I.
 7994 John Waters, 217 Sheridan Ave., Roselle, N. J.
 7995 Caroline H. T. Bournonville, 8611 Germantown Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.
 7996 A. F. Miller, 643 First National Bank Bldg., Houston, Texas.
 7997 H. F. Hurst, 1226 Hull St., Richmond, Va.
 7998 W. G. Harter, 221 Forest Dr., Kokomo, Ind.
 7999 Henry C. Malzahn, 2244 Mershon St., Saginaw, Mich.
 8000 Kenneth M. Bailey, 402 W. Fifth St., Sterling, Ill.
 8001 Griffith A. Herold, 55 Main St., Bradford, Pa.
 8002 Herbert A. Dumke, New Ulm, Minn.
 8003 Oliver M. Arnold, 4558 Yates St., Denver, Col.
 8004 J. D. Landes, 31 N. Manheim St., York, Pa.
 8005 W. S. Carson, 252 Morgan St., Oberlin, Ohio.
 8006 George N. Suss, 334 Ninth St., Silvis, Ill.
 8007 R. C. Emrich, P. O. Box 45, Marshall, Ill.

Life Member Applications.

- No. 54 Richard W. Lloyd, Haverford, Pa.
 No. 55 David M. Bullowa, 10 West 86th St., New York City, N. Y.

Applications for Membership.

The following applications have been received during February, 1940. If no objections are received prior to May 1, 1940, the applicants will become members on that date, and their names will appear published in the May issue of The Numismatist:

- M. M. Landon**, 8008, Box 790, Bath, N. Y. U. S. Half Dollars. Barney Bluestone, Thomas Sliney, Dr. Frank Nicklaus.
John E. Sanford, 8009, Kanawha, Iowa. General U. S. D. L. Williams, G. W. Judd.
Dr. A. G. Gibson, 8010, Tahlequah, Okla. General. Don Davis, D. O. Scott, R. R. Crew.
F. M. Bell, M. D., 8011, Grant, Neb. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
James A. Bemis, 8012, 2313 Flushing Rd., Flint, Mich. General U. S. and Commemorative Half Dollars. Clair L. Boland, Elton W. West.
Hans M. F. Schulman, 8013, 545 Fifth Ave., New York City, N. Y. Dutch, Dutch Colonial and West Indies, Odd. M. Vernon Sheldon, J. Schulman.
Robert C. Hall, 8014, Riderwood, Md. General. J. A. Walsh, P. G. Straus.
Wm. H. Jackson, 8015, Capital Hotel, Flint, Mich. Minor U. S. Coins. J. S. Reynolds, Russell Root, John Moran.
James A. Ratican, 8016, 5108 W. 40th St., Minneapolis, Minn. Indian Head Cents. Carl M. Becken, Paul Olson.
James R. Gilligan, 8017, 1505 Quincy Ave., Cummore, Pa. U. S. General. George Patterson, Dr. C. B. Watrous, T. J. Schwartz.
Philip Spalding, 8018, Box 309, Morristown, N. J. U. S. Series. D. M. Bullowa, C. M. Wormser.
Frank M. Coates, 8019, 4112 Locust, Apt. 5, Kansas City, Mo. General. Lewis M. Reagan, E. M. Barnard, W. R. Crick.
P. S. Justice, 8020, Box 2831, Beaumont, Texas. U. S. Cents. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
R. A. Rom, 8021, 1672 Linden St., Brooklyn, N. Y. U. S. Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Edward Gans, 8022, 7 Central Park West, New York City, N. Y. Ancients. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
David Simons, 8023, Sun Cut Rate Drugs, Ashland, Ky. Commemorative and Pioneer Gold. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Isador Zurin, 8024, 1312 Stratford Ave., Bronx, New York City, N. Y. General. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
Paul A. Ewert, 8025, Box 83, Bensenville, Ill. Dollars and Half Dollars. Lewis M. Reagan, Albert Born, Jr., O. L. Kresnicka.
A. M. Tilseth, 8026, 421 W. Third St., Duluth, Minn. American. R. L. McIntyre, H. A. Berg, A. Fleming.
Sherman S. Burcher, 8027, 1601 Harrison, Topeka, Kan. Coins, Coppers and others. Lewis M. Reagan, John L. Dooley, O. B. Minnick, J. Farmer.
Earl Tuttle, 8028, 4509 35th Ave. So., Minneapolis, Minn. U. S. Cents. Dr. Dwight Ward, J. Montgomery, Lewis M. Reagan.
A. W. Ault, Jr., 8029, 50 Elm Ave., Wyomins, Cincinnati, Ohio. U. S. Gold and General. L. W. Hoeffcker, Lee H. Orndorff.
Geo. H. Cole, 8030, 2626 Park Dr., Bellingham, Wash. General U. S. Paul Fouts, M. Vernon Sheldon.
William Emerson Jones, 8031, Route 3, Box 25, Puyallup, Wash. U. S. General. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.

- Arthur E. Jones**, 8032, 1203 S. Main St., Racine, Wis. U. S. Coins. John M. Carls, Lincoln W. Higgie.
- Walter E. Jauner**, 8033, 1333 Melrose Ave., Chicago, Ill. American Coins and Chinese Relics, Stone Age. R. E. Niemann, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Arnold Perpall**, 8034, 277 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y. Early Spanish-American. V. L. Brown, B. Crofoot.
- Dr. Mahlon O. Petersen**, 8035, Jeffers, Minn. Small Cents. B. Bachrach, M. Sweeney, L. J. Schmotzer.
- S. Arthur Cohen**, 8036, 600 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Commemorative Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, J. J. Westley, S. R. Donner.
- Hubert J. Thomas**, 8037, 2518 N. Sixth St., Philadelphia, Pa. U. S. Cents and Hard Times Tokens. Wm. Rabin, Lewis M. Reagan.
- George L. Young**, 8038, 1230 N. 6th St., Reading, Pa. General U. S. Coins. F. J. Stanley, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Dr. Wallace A. Hill**, 8039, 213 W. Schiller St., Chicago, Ill. U. S. Cents and Commemorative Half Dollars. W. A. Carleton, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Lloyd W. Clark**, 8040, Oriskany Falls, N. Y. U. S. General and Fractional Currency. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Donnel Glead**, 8041, Box 649, Yuma, Ariz. U. S. Small Cents, Nickels and Gold. L. M. Snow, H. M. Armstrong, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Charles M. Pink**, 8042, 7 Madison Ave., Saratoga Springs, N. Y. American Coins, Half Dollars. Cornelia M. Crissey, E. H. Holland, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Charles E. Finch**, 8043, Fairbank, Iowa. American Coins. J. R. Gorman, J. Williams, Earle Bentley.
- C. S. McMahon**, 8044, 2356 Malcolm, W. Los Angeles, Cal. U. S. Coins. A. P. Gasser, Clint Hester.
- Richard L. McIntyre, Jr.**, 8045, 104 Manhattan Arcade, Duluth, Minn. Gold. Lewis M. Reagan, Julius Schrieber, R. O. Hollinbeck.
- Jorge Insua Hilbron, M. D.**, 8046, P. O. Box 1068, Guayaquil, Ecuador, South America. Central and South American Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, Dr. Herman B. Parker, Victor E. Henriquez.
- Earle N. Jessop**, 8047, 212 Hazelcroft Ave., New Castle, Pa. U. S. Minor Coins. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Richard D. Redinger**, 8048, 22 West Main St., Logansport, Ind. U. S. Coins. David E. Day, Lewis M. Reagan.
- Ward H. Bailey**, 8049, 500 East 11th St., Los Angeles, Cal. Commemorative Half Dollars and Coins Minted in 1899. Bert E. Surry, Wm. Harp, Frank Ashley.
- Donald Elliott Smith**, 8050, 50 Moruben Road, Mosman, New South Wales, Australia. Ancient, Med., English and Chinese. J. Hunt Deacon, H. O. Mackenzie, C. Weaver.
- Ralph Colin Chapman**, 8051, 14 Fairmount Ave., Auburn, Maine. U. S. Coins. Dr. F. Stevens Epps, R. Whitehouse, R. Wallingford.
- Clarence E. Richards**, 8052, 1309 West 73rd St., Los Angeles, Cal. U. S. Coins. S. M. Koepfel, H. Jorgensen, R. Brown.
- Theodore B. Drescher**, 8053, 99 Pelham Rd., Rochester, N. Y. U. S. Cents. Morton Stack, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- W. D. Neves**, 8054, 408 Townes St., Greenville, S. C. General. Charles H. Garrison, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Van A. Oswald**, 8055, 7117 Boyer St., Philadelphia, Pa. General. Ira S. Reed, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Henry R. Hubbard**, 8056, 988 Market St., San Francisco, Cal. U. S. and Foreign Coins. William J. Schultz, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Robert F. Brockman**, 8057, 4612 St. Lawrence Ave., Price Hill, Cincinnati, Ohio. General. L. W. Culver, H. Collura, J. R. Stewart.
- W. A. Canary**, 8058, Footville St. Bank, Footville, Wis. Commemorative Half Dollars and Gold. Wm. Mertes, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- Dr. J. F. Reed**, 8059, 508 N. Second St., Harrisburg, Pa. U. S. Coins. Samuel A. Levin, M. W. Eurick.
- Curtis Stalnaker**, 8060, 119 Main St., Houston, Texas. U. S. General. Teddy Turk, Cl. Bybee, Lewis M. Reagan.
- Robert P. Snow**, 8061, 1118 West 36th St., Los Angeles, Cal. Lincoln and Indian Cents. Lewis M. Reagan, Albert Phillips, John Ryan.
- William E. Decker**, 8062, P. O. Box 336, Fair Lawn, N. J. Commemoratives and Proofs. Lewis M. Reagan, M. Vernon Sheldon.
- M. A. Hibbs**, 8063, 200 Title and Trust Bldg., Kansas City, Mo. Small Cents. Louis W. Evans, Walter P. Bohler.
- L. W. McDowell**, 8064, 239 West Park Ave., Aurora, Ill. Coins. Benjamin C. Dreiske, Dr. P. E. Rogers, Frank Paull.
- Edwin G. Parma**, 8065, Route 8, Box 464-A, Dallas, Texas. U. S. Coins. W. A. Philpott, Jr., E. L. Zink, J. F. Bouska.
- Russell Silvius**, 8066, 513 S. Beech St., Bryan, Ohio. Lincoln, Indian and Large U. S. Cents. Otto Kerstner, Homer Martin.

Resignations.

- 6651 Carl C. Smith, 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill.
- 4724 Lee Andrews, Auburn, Ill.
- 3992 Sidney K. Eastwood, Pittsburgh, Pa.
- 6407 B. C. Wehrman, Arnold, Neb.
- 6264 Henry McKay, Greenville, S. C.
- 4560 Floyd L. Martin, Nashville, Tenn.
- 5828 St. Paul Numis. Asso., St. Paul, Minn.
- 7360 Mrs. Doris G. Gifford, Chicago, Ill.
- 4463 Dr. J. Ralph Jacoby, New York, N. Y.
- 6275 Roger M. Holdsworth, Lynn, Mass.

6376 M. Lawrence Monk, Homestead, Pa.
 5432 Fred Enevoldsen, Hutchinson, Minn.
 6911 B. L. Vincent, De Quincy, La.
 7035 Frank H. Jago, Gasport, N. Y.

Deaths.

7567 Hiram Burkholder, Bluffton, Ohio.

Changes of Address.

Percival R. Gregory, 6714, from 81 Main St., Norwalk, Conn., to 332 West Ave., Norwalk, Conn.
 Isadore T. Mandel, 5872, from 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York City, N. Y., to 630 Fifth Ave., New York City, N. Y.
 Carl C. Lavery, 7310, from Apartado 35, Ciudad Bolivar, Venezuela, S. A., to Apartado 45, Barcelona, Estado Anzoategui, Venezuela, S. A.
 R. A. Neiss, 5767, from 3233 Russell Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn., to 4424 Aldrich Ave. N., Minneapolis, Minn.
 M. T. Wordell, 6551, from Ground School, N. A. S., Pensacola, Fla., to Fighting Squadron Four, U. S. S. Ranger, Norfolk, Va.
 Dayton Coin Club, 6825, from Luther H. Whitt, Secy., 271 Lexington Ave., Dayton, Ohio, to Clyde S. Gibbons, Secy., Spring Valley, Ohio, R. F. D. 2.
 O. B. Vikre, 7539, from U. S. S. Concord, care Postmaster, New York, N. Y., to U. S. S. Concord, care Postmaster, San Francisco, Cal.
 Robert W. Morgan, 5167, from 2315 W. 54th St., Los Angeles, Cal., to 2731 W. 54th St., Los Angeles, Cal.
 Commander R. W. Hungerford, 3797, from 2403 Middlesex Dr., Toledo, Ohio, to U. S. Naval District Headquarters, Fourth Naval District, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Lester H. Horwitz, 6888, from 1250 Monroe St., Harrisburg, Pa., to 1409 N. Front St., Harrisburg, Pa.
 Orel Williams, 5344, from 410 E. Main St., Clarinda, Iowa, to 19th and Logan Sts., Clarinda, Iowa.
 Allen Kin-Cade, 7946, from 401 W. Dravus, Seattle, Wash., to 14 Dravus, Seattle, Wash.
 James Fastiggi, 7158, from 334 Maple Ave., Mamaroneck, N. Y., to 701 Old Boston Post Rd., Mamaroneck, N. Y.
 Meyer Mansbach, 1731, from 603 Cochran St., Los Angeles, Cal., to 603 S. Cochran Ave., Los Angeles, Cal.
 Robert B. Kime, 7801, from Academy Apts., Kittanning, Pa., to 2114 King St., Williamsport, Pa.
 Cortland Coin Club, 4613, from Marion L. Peckham, Box 62, Homer, N. Y., to Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secy., 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.
 Buffalo Numismatic Association, 3251, from F. J. Herrick, Secy., 2452 Delaware Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., to Otis C. Chapman, Secy., 140 Woodell Ave., Cheektowaga, N. Y.
 Wm. Winters, 3469, from Hotel Saulpaugh, Mankato, Minn., to Ah-Gwan-Ching, Minn.
 The Chase National Bank, 3642, from Farran Zerbe, Curator, New York City, N. Y., to Vernon Brown, Curator, 46 Cedar St., New York City, N. Y.
 T. J. Smith, 3735, from P. O. Box 235, McRae, Ga., to P. O. Box 246, McRae, Ga.
 S. F. Telleen, 3869, from 722 Upper Blvd., Ridgewood, N. J., to care H. W. Ahrenholz, Box 483, Ogdensburg, N. J.
 Northwest Coin Club, 4517, from Paul E. Olson, Secy., 616 S. Third St., Minneapolis, Minn., to Paul E. Olson, Secy., 2538 Taylor St. N. E., Minneapolis, Minn.
 Robert W. Morgan, 5167, from 2315 W. 54th St., Los Angeles, Cal., to Box 572, La Tijera Sta., Los Angeles, Cal.
 P. A. LaPauze, 5969, from P. O. Box 173, Times Pla. Sta., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 1350 E. 37th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 R. F. Stephenson, 6542, from Box 1424, Vernon, Texas, to Box 818, Wichita Falls, Texas.
 H. C. Engel, 6583, from 1037 Dana Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio, to 2934 Van Dyke Dr., Cincinnati, Ohio.
 J. H. Prussing, 7264, from 14 Kenmore Ave., Newark, N. J., to 279 Roseville Ave., Newark, N. J.
 Alfred C. Pratt, 7476, from 43-20 48th St., Long Island City, N. Y., to 93-44 214 Place, Queens Village, N. Y.
 James M. Brice, 7482, from Comm. National Bank, Charlotte, N. C., to Box 1289, Charlotte, N. C.
 Alden E. Anderson, 7740, from 316 Second St. S., Columbus Jct., Iowa, to 1012 Poplar, Muscatine, Iowa.
 E. H. Foster, 7847, from 411 E. Bijou St., Colorado Springs, Col., to P. O. Box 897, Colorado Springs, Col.
 Rochester Numismatic Association, Branch 2, from Floyd B. Newell, Secy., 94 Monroe Pkwy., Rochester, N. Y., to Thomas Kline, Secy., 1545 St. Paul St., Rochester, N. Y.
 H. V. Rexroat, 7903, from H. V. Rexcoat, Box 1046, Yuma, Ariz., to H. V. Rexroat, Box 1046, Yuma, Ariz.
 Max Berenstein, 4103, from 71 East 59th St., New York City, N. Y., to 435 Madison Ave., New York City, N. Y.
 W. S. Weaver, 5518, from care Dr. R. A. Hurd, 210 E. 68th St., New York City, N. Y., to P. O. Box 882, San Diego, Cal.
 Orel Williams, 5344, from 19th and Logan St., Clarinda, Iowa, to 410 E. Main St., Clarinda, Iowa.
 F. B. Rowley, 4014, from P. O. Box 1305, Yakima, Wash., to P. O. Box 1115, Yakima, Wash.

- Fugio Club of Shreveport, 6750, from Frank E. Hudson, Secy., P. O. Box 1119, Shreveport, La., to L. E. Grimes, Secy., P. O. Box 1414, Shreveport, La.
- Oscar W. Enger, 7554, from 709 Beekman St., Medford, Ore., to 939 Chapman St., Roseburg, Ore.
- Sidney J. Haas, 4123, from 545 N. La Jolla Ave., Los Angeles, Cal., to 1426 Garden St., Apt. 68, Santa Barbara, Cal.
- J. Victor LeLaurin, 7481, from 524 S. D. Trust & Savings Building, San Diego, Cal., to 505 Midland Bldg., Sun Life Assurance Co., Kansas City, Mo.
- Wm. H. Roberts, Jr., 7845, from 1525 N. Edison, Stockton, Cal., to Westfir, Ore.
- H. R. Langman, 6060, from Procter & Gamble Co., St. Bernard, Ohio, to Procter & Gamble Co., Fairmont, Minn.
- Columbus Numismatic Society, 4052, from E. P. Bowers, Secy., 872 Oxford St., Worthington, Ohio, to J. C. Archer, Secy., 814 Kelton Ave., Columbus, Ohio.
- Monroe Sherman, 5291, from 32-31 169th St., Flushing, L. I., N. Y., to 29-42 171st St., Flushing, L. I., N. Y.
- J. F. Wacek, 2871, from 2034½ E. 4th St., Long Beach, Cal., to 324 Cedar Ave., Long Beach, Cal.
- Alex J. Rosborough, 2933, from 698 Calmar Ave., Oakland, Cal., to 1118 Trestle Glen Rd., Oakland, Cal.
- James Duce, 8358, from 815 Monroe, Denver, Col., to National Guard Bldg., 300 Logan St., Denver, Col.
- Garson S. Waldhorn, 5829, from 568 N. Kingsley Dr., Los Angeles, Cal., to 1669 West Blvd., Los Angeles, Cal.
- Alan S. Ganz, 6151, from 52 Tompkins Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., to 710 Troy Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
- Percy K. Hudson, 4996, from 1 Wall St., New York City, N. Y., to 50 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
- R. L. DeHaan, 2228, from 1 Wall St., New York City, N. Y., to 50 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
- V. C. Stebnitz, 6745, from 1700 Greenleaf, Chicago, Ill., to 6930 N. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.
- Luther H. Whitt, 6197, from 1032 Wayne Ave., Apt. 4, Dayton, Ohio, to 271 Lexington Ave., Dayton, Ohio.
- Fred W. Noske, 3499, from 521 N. 50th St., Milwaukee, Wis., to General Delivery, Milwaukee, Wis.
- John H. Snow, 2013, from 5887 Page Blvd., St. Louis, Mo., to 3651 Botanical, St. Louis, Mo.

M. VERNON SHELTON, General Secretary.

THE 1940 A. N. A. MEMBERSHIP LIST.

In response to many inquiries, it is expected that the 1940 A. N. A. Membership List will be published in the late spring or early summer, and a copy will be sent gratis to every member of the A. N. A. in good standing without the formality of making application for it. All changes of address should be sent promptly to the General Secretary, M. Vernon Sheldon, 451 Wrightwood Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Deaths

WILLIAM C. ATWATER.

William C. Atwater, of New York City and St. Petersburg, Fla., long a member of the A. N. A., died at his home in St. Petersburg on February 22 at the age of 78.

He was chairman of the board of the William C. Atwater Companies of New York and Massachusetts, Mill Creek Coal and Coke Company, American Coal Company and others. He was graduated from Amherst College in 1884.

He entered the coal business in 1886, and a few years later he founded William C. Atwater & Co., of Fall River, Mass., and about 1900 established William C. Atwater & Co., of New York. He was chairman of the board of both firms at his death, having retired as president about 1915.

He had maintained a summer home for years at Westhampton Beach, L. I. His flower and vegetable gardens were among the best known in the resort. He had been active also in the development of Westhampton Beach and had contributed large sums in this connection.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Ida Wilson Hay, whom he married in May, 1889; a daughter, Mrs. George Daniel Olds, Jr., of Great Neck, L. I., and three sons, William C. Atwater, Jr., of New York; John Jacob Atwater, of Great Neck, and David H. Atwater, of Fall River.

The Calcutta Mint is believed to hold the record for annual coinage output.

JEWISH MEDALS ON EXHIBITION IN NEW YORK.

Likenesses of prominent Jewish leaders from the sixteenth century down to Leon Blum and E. A. R. Seligman have been rendered on medallions from time to time through Jewish history, and a representative collection of these medallions, assembled by Mr. Samuel Friedenberg, of New York City, a member of the A. N. A., will go on public exhibition in the Museum of Jewish Ceremonial Objects at the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, at Broadway and 122nd Street, beginning Sunday, March 3. Mr. Friedenberg has devoted the past three years to a world-embracing study of the field of Jewish medals, and with rare understanding has been able to bring together an unusually rich collection.

The two hundred medals selected for exhibition are primarily commemorative of public services and achievements of Jews in all walks of life in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. A few sixteenth to eighteenth century medallions depict Biblical characters, and a few Jewish caricatures from earlier centuries are also included in the exhibition.

Familiar names which will be encountered are those of the actresses, Sarah Bernhardt and Rachel; the musicians, Gabrilowitsch and Mendelsohn; the statesmen, Disraeli and Blum; the poets, Heine and Bialik; the medical pioneers, Paul Ehrlich and Sigmund Freud; the philosophers, Bergson and Lasalle; the banker and merchant, Nathan Rothschild; the writers, Lessing (not himself a Jew) and Sholem Aleichem; and so on.

An interesting item is the medal struck in 1782 on the occasion of the Edict of Tolerance issued by Joseph II, Emperor of Austria. The medal was struck to signalize the granting of protection to the Jews.

The exhibit is open to the public, free of charge, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily, except Fridays and Saturdays. The special exhibitions of Rashi and His School and of Hebrew Printing in the Fifteenth Century will also continue in the Museum through the month of March.

MR. KOEPEL HAS LARGE EXHIBIT IN LOS ANGELES.

The large exhibit of S. M. Koepfel, of Los Angeles, "Coins of the World," is on display in the lobby of the Union Bank and Trust Co., Eighth and Hill streets, in Los Angeles, and is attracting much attention from local collectors, as well as an interested public. It will remain on display through National Coin Week.

Meetings of Numismatic Societies and Clubs

(To keep the Directory up to date the editor relies upon the officials of the organizations listed to report promptly any changes in any of its features. There is no charge for listing, but new organizations must ask to be included and furnish the necessary information.)

DIRECTORY.

Akron Coin Club, Akron, Ohio—Meets third Monday of each month at the Elks' Club, 66 S. High St., Akron. V. L. Oblisk, Secretary, 874 Saxon Ave., Akron, Ohio.

Albany Numismatic Society, Albany, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Thursdays (except during July and August), at the Albany Institute of History and Art, 125 Washington Ave. Willis J. McKinney, Secretary, 62 Sycamore St., Albany, N. Y.

American Numismatic Association—Meets annually in convention. M. Vernon Sheldon, Secretary, 451 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

American Numismatic Society, New York City—Meets four times annually at its building, Broadway at 156th Street. Sydney P. Noe, Secretary.

Antiquarian and Numismatic Society of Montreal—Meets monthly at Cheateau de Ramezay. L. A. Renaud, Curator, Chateau de Ramezay, Montreal, Canada.

Ames Numismatic Society, Ames, Iowa—Meets first Wednesday each month in Room 223 of the Memorial Union on the Iowa State College Campus. C. B. Anderson, Secretary, 401 Clark St., Ames, Iowa.

Atlanta Coin Club, Atlanta, Ga.—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Hotel Henry Grady. Truitt Harper, Secretary, 512 Atlanta Title and Trust Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Baltimore Coin Club—Meets first and third Thursdays at Peale's Municipal Museum, 225 N. Holliday street. George Requard, Secretary, 5907 Harford Road, Baltimore, Md.

Boston Numismatic Society, Boston, Mass.—Meeting, with dinner, last Monday of each month (summer excepted) at Boston City Club. Saul Steinberg, M. D., Secretary, 11 Temple St., Boston, Mass.

Brooklyn Coin Club, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at Hotel Touraine, 23 Clinton St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Charles P. Knoth, Secretary, 115-120 226th St., St. Albans, N. Y.

Buffalo Numismatic Association, Buffalo, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Mondays at Central Y. M. C. A. Otis C. Chapman, Secretary, 140 Woodell Ave., Cheektowaga, N. Y.

Burlington Coin Club, Burlington, Iowa—Meets first Monday night, time and place being decided at regular monthly meeting. William Hockstad, Secretary, Burlington Community Chest, Burlington, Iowa.

California Coin Club, Los Angeles, Cal.—Meets first Tuesday evening of each month. Earle K. Stanton, Secretary, 205 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Canadian Numismatic Art Society—Meets annually in convention. C. Deane, General Secretary, 228 Monroe Ave., East Kildonan, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Cedar City Coin Club, Lebanon, Ohio—Meets fourth Tuesday of each month at Harmon Hall, Lebanon, Ohio. Marion L. Loer, Secretary-Treasurer, Lebanon, O.

Cedar Rapids Coin Club, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month, at the Montrose Hotel, Cedar Rapids. Hellene Alexander, Secretary, P. O. Box 1015, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Chase Bank Coin Society, New York City—Meets third Thursday of each month. Vernon L. Brown, Secretary, Chase National Bank, New York, N. Y.

Chautauqua Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Jamestown, N. Y.—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at Hotel Jamestown. J. Henry Payne, Secretary, 718 Newland Ave., Jamestown, N. Y.

Chicago Coin Club, Chicago, Ill.—Meets first Wednesday of each month at the Skyline Athletic Club, 188 W. Randolph St. I. T. Kopicki, Secretary, 2114 S. St. Louis Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Cincinnati Numismatic Association—Meets second Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock P. M., Netherland Plaza Hotel. Chas. H. Thul, Secretary, 2631 Hemlock St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Coin Club of Rhode Island—Meets third Thursday of each month at the Old France Restaurant, unless otherwise mentioned, Providence, R. I. Kenneth A. Burke, Secretary, 12 Depew Street, Providence, R. I.

Columbus Numismatic Society, Columbus, Ohio—Meets second Monday evening of each month at the Neil House. J. C. Archer, Secretary, 914 Kelton Ave., Columbus, Ohio.

Corn Belt Corn Club, Waterloo, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at Cohagen Cabin at the "Y," Waterloo, Iowa. V. L. Belt, President, 227½ E. Fourth St., Waterloo, Iowa.

Cortland Coin Club, Cortland, N. Y.—Meets first Thursday of each month at Hotel Cortland. Mrs. Ruth Gumaer, Secretary, 150 S. Main St., Cortland, N. Y.

Dallas Coin Club, Dallas, Texas—Meets second Thursday night of each month in the Baker Hotel. C. A. McGlamery, Secretary, 710 S. Waverly Dr., Dallas, Tex.

Dayton Coin Club, Dayton, Ohio—Meets last Monday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., 117 West Monument Ave. Clyde S. Gibbons, Secretary, R. F. D. 2, Spring Valley, Ohio.

Des Moines Coin Club, Des Moines, Iowa—Meets first Friday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., 4th and Keo Way. Arnold E. Swanson, Secretary, 2100 E. 12th St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Detroit Coin Club, Detroit, Mich.—Meets first and third Thursdays at the Wayne County Building, Cadillac Square, Detroit, Mich. Wilfred Rowe, Secretary, 619 W. Maplehurst Ave., Ferndale, Mich.

Fairfield County Numismatic Association, Bridgeport, Conn.—Meets third Friday of each month at Bridgeport Art League, 528 Clinton Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. J. Norman Crosby, Secretary, P. O. Box 565, Bridgeport, Conn.

Fugio Coin Club, Shreveport, La.—Meets second Monday of each month in the directors' room of the Commercial National Bank. L. E. Grimes, Secretary, Box 1414, Shreveport, La.

Greenwich Stamp and Coin Club, Greenwich, Conn.—Meets first and third Fridays at the Y. M. C. A. Evelyn Chard Billings, Secretary, P. O. Box 326, Greenwich, Conn.

Hamilton Coin Club, Hamilton, Ohio—Meets third Wednesday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. King G. Earl, Secretary, 606 Haven Ave., Hamilton, Ohio.

Hartford Numismatic Society, Hartford, Conn.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at Chamber of Commerce Rooms, Phoenix Bank Building, 805 Main St., Hartford, Conn. Eric H. Lind, Secretary, Box 93, Willimantic, Conn.

Heart of America Numismatic Association, Kansas City, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Pickwick Hotel, Kansas City. Perry Swofford, Secretary, 1963 N. Fifth St., Kansas City, Kan.

International Emergency Money Club, New York City—Meets second Wednesday of each month in New York City. Emil Di Bella, Secretary, 1352 University Ave., Bronx, New York.

Jersey City Coin Club, Jersey City, N. J.—Meets third Thursday of the month at Hotel Plaza. James W. Herwig, Secretary, 164 Forest Ave., Lyndhurst, N. J.

Junior Coin Collectors of San Francisco, Cal.—Meets third Friday of each month at San Francisco Museum of Art, Civic Center, 7.30 P. M. Roy Hill, Counselor, 569 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal. Robert Pokorny, Secretary, 2462 Nineteenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

Lehigh Valley Coin Club, Palmerton, Pa.—Meets third Thursday of the month, the meetings rotating between Palmerton, Bethlehem and Allentown, Pa. John M. Gallagher, Secretary, 232 N. Front St., Allentown, Pa.

Madison Coin Club, Madison, Wis.—Meets second Monday at the Dane County Courthouse. Vincent I. Hack, Secretary, 1811 University Ave., Madison, Wis.

Memphis Coin Club, Memphis, Tenn.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at 826 Derman Bldg., corner of Third and Court Streets. W. C. Wilburn, Secretary, 695 Landis, Memphis, Tenn.

Milwaukee Numismatic Society, Milwaukee, Wis.—Meets last Friday in each month at the Phister Hotel. N. J. Hoffman, Secretary, Thiensville, Wis.

Missouri Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets second Monday of each month at Melbourne Hotel, Grand and Lindell Bldgs., St. Louis, Mo. J. S. Stevenson, Secretary, 212 Edwin Ave., Kirkwood, Mo.

Muscatine Coin Club, Muscatine, Iowa—Meets second Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A., Muscatine. George E. Moore, Secretary, P. O. Box 355, Muscatine, Iowa.

New Bedford Coin Club, New Bedford, Mass.—Meets last Thursday of each month in the New Bedford Postoffice Building. Margaret C. Dunlap, Secretary, 237 Court St., New Bedford, Mass.

New Castle Coin Club, New Castle, Pa.—Meets third Monday of each month in the Pennsylvania Power Company Bldg., 19 East Washington St. J. L. Gibson, Secretary, 414 Neshannock Ave., New Castle, Pa.

New Haven Numismatic Society, New Haven, Conn.—Meets last Friday of the month at Room 104, 18 College St., New Haven, Conn. W. C. Sanders, Secretary, 5 Harding Place, New Haven, Conn.

New Jersey Numismatic Society—Meets second Thursday of each month at Downtown Club, 744 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Richard D. Nelson, Secretary, Taylor Road, Short Hills, N. J.

New York Numismatic Club, New York City—Meets second Friday of each month. F. C. C. Boyd, Secretary, 59 W. Twelfth St., New York City.

Northampton Numismatic Society, Northampton, Mass.—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Y. M. C. A. Building. Myron J. Parsons, Secretary, 270 Pleasant St., Northampton, Mass.

Northwest Coin Club—Meets first Thursday of each month at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis, and the third Thursday of each month at the St. Paul Hotel, St. Paul, Minn. Paul Olson, Secretary, 616 S. Third St., Minneapolis, Minn.

Northwest Iowa Coin Club, Fort Dodge, Iowa—Meets third Monday of each month at Fort Dodge Y. M. C. A. P. H. Loomer, Secretary, 913 Third Ave., N., Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Numismatic Society of Frederick, Md.—Meets the second Monday of the month from September to June, inclusive, at the Potomac Edison Building, East Patrick St. Mrs. Louise S. Rhoads, Secretary, 127 E. Patrick St., Frederick, Md.

Oklahoma City Coin Club, Oklahoma City, Okla.—Meets third Monday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. Louis H. Smith, Secretary, 2511 West Park Place, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Omaha Coin Club, Omaha, Neb.—Meets first Friday evening of each month at Omaha City Hall. Raymond E. Moulton, Secretary, 2647 Chicago St., Omaha, Neb.

Oneonta Coin Club, Oneonta, N. Y.—Meets monthly. Mrs. Howard Wilson, Secretary-Treasurer, Oneonta, N. Y.

Orange County Coin Club, Santa Ana, Cal.—Meets third Tuesday of each month at homes of members. Robert G. Efker, Secretary, 519 West First St., Santa Ana, Cal.

Oregon Numismatic Society, Portland, Ore.—Meets second Monday night of the month at Benson Hotel. John R. Townsley, Secretary, Milwaukie, Ore.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society, San Francisco, Cal.—Meets last Wednesday of each month at Hotel Whitcomb, San Francisco. Harvey L. Hansen, Secretary, 1187 Kotenberg Ave., San Jose, Cal.

Philadelphia Coin Club, Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets second Thursday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Broad and Arch Sts. George J. Patterson, Secretary, P. O. Box 4856, Central Y. M. C. A., Philadelphia, Pa.

Pittsburgh Coin Club—Meets third Thursday of each month in the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Building, Third Ave. and Wood St. D. A. Edwards, Secretary, 4029 Brandon Road, N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Quad-City Coin Club, Davenport, Iowa—Meets every second Thursday of the month at the Y. M. C. A. in Davenport. Marjorie L. Ankeny, Secretary, 218 Essex Lane, Davenport, Iowa.

Racine Numismatic Society, Racine, Wis.—Meets second Friday of each month. Arthur E. Jones, Secretary, 1203 S. Main St., Racine, Wis.

Rochester Numismatic Society, Rochester, Minn.—Meets first Monday of each month in Chamber of Commerce Building. S. W. Anderson, Secretary, 305½ S. Broadway, Rochester, Minn.

Rochester Numismatic Association, Rochester, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesday at Municipal Museum. Thomas Kline, Secretary, 1545 St. Paul St., Rochester, N. Y.

Rocky Mountain Numismatic Society, Denver, Col.—Meets second Thursday of each month, unless otherwise ordered, at homes and offices of individual members as selected. Jacob G. Willson, Secretary-Treasurer, Room 15, State Capitol, Denver, Col.

San Diego Numismatic Society, San Diego, Cal.—Meets first Thursday of each month in the Assembly Hall of the Electric Building. Thomas W. Voetter, Secretary, 1819 Sheridan Ave., San Diego, Cal.

St. Louis Numismatic Society, St. Louis, Mo.—Meets monthly at Washington University. T. E. Duncan, Secretary, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

St. Paul Numismatic Association, St. Paul, Minn.—Meets first and third Tuesdays at 703 Pioneer Building. H. C. Dittman, Secretary, Club mailing address, 114 E. Fourth St., St. Paul, Minn.

Seattle Coin Club, Seattle, Wash.—Meets last Thursday of the month at Hearstone Tea Room, Fifth and Union Sts., Seattle. C. C. Saeman, Secretary, 11515 Sand Point Way, Seattle, Wash. Mail to 403 Crary Bldg., Seattle.

Springfield Coin Club, Springfield, Mass.—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Museum of Fine Arts, Springfield. William W. Willard, Secretary, 94 Warren Terrace, Longmeadow, Mass.

Stark Coin Club, Canton, Ohio—Meets first Monday at the Courtland Hotel. William G. Bruce, Secretary, 2816 Second St., N. W., Canton, Ohio.

Sterling Coin Club, Sterling, Ill.—Meets second Wednesday each month at the Y. M. C. A., Sterling, Ill. Wm. H. Jamison, Secretary, 401 West Tenth St., Sterling, Ill.

Syracuse Numismatic Association, Syracuse, N. Y.—Meets first Friday of each month at the Onondaga Hotel. Frank O. Webster, 338 W. Onondaga St., Syracuse, N. Y.

Tacoma Coin Club, Tacoma, Wash.—Meets fourth Saturday of each month. Louis K. Woodford, Secretary, P. O. Box 1642, Tacoma, Wash.

The Bronx (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at East 148th Street Restaurant, just west of Third Ave., The Bronx, New York City. David M. Bullowa, Secretary, 95 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, Pa.—Meets six times a year. January, February, March, April, November and December. Henry Paul Busch, Secretary, 1006 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Toledo Coin Club, Toledo, Ohio—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month. S. L. Szyperski, Secretary, 222 Austin St., Toledo, Ohio.

Topeka Coin Club, Topeka, Kan.—Meets last Thursday of month at the Chamber of Commerce. Homer F. Wright, Secretary, 134 N. Western Ave., Topeka, Kan.

Toronto Coin Club, Toronto, Canada—Meets second and fourth Friday each month at Apartment 2, 592 Church St., Toronto. J. Bruce Parker, Secretary, 105 Buckingham Ave., Toronto, Canada.

Triple-Cities Coin Club, Binghamton, N. Y.—Meets first Monday of each month. H. M. Christman, Secretary, 274 Conklin Ave., Binghamton, N. Y.

Trumbull Coin, Stamp and Curio Club, Warren, Ohio—Meets first and third Wednesdays at the Y. M. C. A. (except in June, July and August). Clyde Stillinger, Secretary, 534 North St., N. W., Warren, Ohio.

Utica Coin Club, Utica, N. Y.—Meets first and third Tuesdays of each month at 249 Genesee St. F. Harrington, Secretary, 249 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

Washington Numismatic Society, Washington, D. C.—Meets first Monday of each month at Hotel Washington. Mrs. Edness Kimball Wilkins, Secretary, The Fairfax, 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D. C.

Waterbury Numismatic Society, Waterbury, Conn.—Meets third Friday of the month at the Mattatuck Historical Society Bldg. Arnold B. Grasso, Secretary, 81 Charles St., Waterbury, Conn.

Waukesha Coin Club, Waukesha, Wis.—Meets third Wednesday of each month at 309 South St., Waukesha. Ralph Wright, Secretary, 501 S. Grand Ave., Waukesha, Wis.

Westchester County (N. Y.) Coin Club—Meets third Tuesday of each month at the Y. M. C. A. in New Rochelle, N. Y. Saul Bellus, Secretary, 559 S. Tenth Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Western Maryland Coin Club—Meets third Wednesday of each month at the Central Y. M. C. A., Cumberland, Md. Martin L. Johnson, Secretary, P. O. Box 145, Cumberland, Md.

Western Pennsylvania Numismatic Society—Meets the first Tuesday of every month at the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh. Earl Coatsworth, Secretary, 914 Broadway, East McKeesport, Pa.

Western Reserve Numismatic Club, Cleveland, Ohio—Meets second Wednesday of each month at the Allerton Hotel. John W. Gregor, Secretary, 15221 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Youngstown Numismatic Club, Youngstown, Ohio—Meets first Thursday of each month at Ohio Hotel, W. Boardman St. A. F. Smith, Secretary, 57 Brooklyn Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.

NEW YORK NUMISMATIC CLUB—375th regular meeting, March 8, Arthur W. Deas, president, presiding. Twenty-nine members were present.

The topic of the evening, Three of your most interesting Numismatic items, Reminiscences, and a paper by David M. Bullowa, "Two Neglected Numismatic Series." (Mr. Bullowa's paper is published elsewhere in this issue.)

The following exhibits were made:

W. Ray Carpenter: Pattern English halfpenny by Droz, showing undraped figure of Britannia on reverse, and the finished design on obverse. The first Indian Peace medal struck in America, of George II, dated 1757. Half crown of Charles II, third type, hammered series, showing Britain, France in the inscription.

Moritz Wormser: New issues: Nicaragua, 10, 25 and 50 centavos in nickel composition and same silver coins of old issue for comparison. Favorite selection: Slugs: Silver and taler pieces of Trautson, Saxony and Brabant. Gold: Saxony, Peace of Westphalia, 1650, 20 ducats. U. S. A., 1851, California \$50 slug.

G. H. Blake: Three uncirculated notes, all numbered 7.

Vernon Brown: U. S. proof set, 1940. New Zealand half-crown, penny and halfpenny, issued in connection with its centennial anniversary. Wooden nickels, Ames, Iowa, 1939; Humboldt, Nebraska, 1938. Cape Verde Islands notes, 5 escudos surcharged from the 1 escudo denomination; 5 and 10 escudos.

Lieut. L. Kaplan: U. S. proof set, 1940, half dollar, quarter, dime, nickel, cent. C. M. Wormser: Medal struck in 1893 by the Swedish Academy to honor John Ericsson, the designer of the U. S. S. Monitor.

H. J. Erlanger: Large silver medal, 1613, on construction of fortification at Nuremberg. Large silver medal, 1616, on new Town Hall at Nuremberg. A specimen of this medal was placed in the cornerstone.

A. C. Sempie: Zanzibar, dollar, 1881; Annam, Ming Mang dragon dollar.

W. S. Dewey: Store card of Frank Tousey, publisher of Dime Novel "Work and Win," with portrait of Admiral Dewey. 1/32 gold ducat of Nuremberg, 1700. Medal struck from copper recovered from old New York-Boston Open Wire Telephone Line for Telephone Pioneers of America Conclave in 1916.

H. Stein: Dekadrachm of Syracuse. Tetradrachm of Mithradates. Denarius of Antony and Cleopatra.

Mr. F. Zerbe: Evidences of reconditioning copper coins. A holograph letter of Victor D. Brenner referring to the removal of his initials from the Lincoln cent and many news clippings in reference.

E. T. Newell: Recent acquisitions: Tetradrachm of Agrigentum with crab, remarkable for its naturalistic design. Tetradrachm of Camarina signed by Exa-

kestidas. Tetradrachm of Syracuse of the Demarete issue. Obol of Tenedos with double head and triple head.

W. H. Arthur: A 1905 Indian cent doubly struck showing two separate dates.

O. G. Schilke: California octagonal gold dollar, 1871. Proof dime, 1876, of the CC mint with high wire edge on both sides.

W. L. Clark: 11 square dump coins of Hyderabad, showing different portions of the same legend.

L. Kusterer: Thaler of Sigismund, dated 1486.

J. Barnett: 1917-S Lincoln cent struck in silver. 1807-29-31-75 quarter eagles.

D. M. Bullowa: Collection of current foreign bank notes. Collection of obsolete foreign bank notes. Collection of 39 gold coins of the \$5 and 20-franc size.

F. C. C. Boyd: Two pattern dollars, both designed and struck by Jacob Perkins, of Newburyport, Mass., a celebrated medalist and die-cutter who designed and struck many of the medals of George Washington, including the famous Washington Funeral medal in gold, silver and pewter, and the 1818 pattern cent, A.-W. 33. (1793) dollar, bust of Washington in military costume, head facing left, on a plain field, surrounded by concentric bands of various designs; in the outer one at the top in incused letters is the word "Washington." Struck on uniface silver planchet the weight of a silver dollar. 1819 Dollar, undraped head of Liberty, the hair flowing loosely down over the back, bust facing left surrounded by concentric bands of various designs; in the outer one at the top thirteen stars, and in the lower one 1819. Struck on uniface white metal planchet.

Mr. F. C. C. Boyd addressed the club as follows:

"We have a member of our club who has distinguished himself as one of the foremost numismatists of classical coins in America; has been an enthusiastic collector and has done signal work in putting forward numismatics in the United States. He has been a member of this club for thirty years; has been a President, and, therefore, I take great pleasure in nominating Mr. Edward T. Newell as the fifth honorary member of the New York Numismatic Club."

The motion was seconded by Moritz Wormser, and Mr. Newell was elected an honorary member by acclamation.

Arthur W. Deas then addressed Mr. Newell as follows:

"As a token of esteem and appreciation, the members of the New York Numismatic Club take great pleasure in presenting to you a specimen of the Edward T. Newell Presidential medal struck in platinum."

Mr. Newell accepted the medal and thanked the members of the club for the presentation of it, and stated how pleased he was to have been honored by being made an honorary member of the club and also for the gift of the platinum medal.

On "Reminiscences," the following members spoke about the early club history and of numismatists who have been members of the club but who have passed on, and of the great pleasure they have had in attending the meetings of the club: Farran Zerbe, T. James Clarke and F. C. C. Boyd.

Mr. Zerbe, for the publication committee, stated we had lost recently, through death, a very prominent numismatist, William C. Atwater. Mr. Atwater had been a collector of United States coins for over forty years and perhaps had one of the finest collections of gold, silver and copper United States coins that has ever been gathered by any collector. Mr. Zerbe then suggested that a series of round-table discussions be held, to be approved by the executive committee and announced in advance so that members may be prepared for discussion with statements and relative specimens. Mr. Zerbe then stated:

"Some of my suggestions would be as follows: Reconditioning of coins—for and against—experience and advice. What is legal tender, and why? Why gold the standard and what governed its price for over 100 years previous to 1934? Great collections of American collectors—their destiny or where located. Hidden and dormant collections—what of their future? Coin hoards and their outcome. Was the 1804 dollar struck in the year dated? Why mint reports of unknown United States coins—1805 dollar, 1854-C mint gold dollar, etc.? Should unofficial, privately produced coins, such as the numerous varieties of 'dollars' that have come from China in recent years, be classified as 'fakes' as they have been? Can we as a body of collectors lead the way for standardizing and uniformity of cataloging and advertisements? That is, can it be done as to condition, millimeters or inches, grains or grammes, etc."

It was suggested that the executive committee take this recommendation under advisement.

The executive committee suggested as the topics for the next meeting, square gold or silver coins, Persian coins, coins and medals of rulers now in exile. This was adopted.

BRONX COIN CLUB—March 27, 78th regular meeting. Thirty-seven members and guests were present.

Hugh Kelly read a very fine and instructive paper on the life of Henry Christophe, King of Haiti, entitled "From Slave to King." Mr. Kelly received a spontaneous ovation for his fine effort, which will be published in The Numismatist.

Mr. Bullowa read a brief outline of the Pitt token, explaining how little was known of this piece.

Mr. Newell spoke about "Archaic Coins," presenting in a very brief outline a complete resume of the development of the classic coinage in terms of the natural metals, the geographical relationship, and finally, from an economic standard, the matter of the relationship of the various Greek systems.

Mr. Stein had an excellent diagrammatic sketch showing the processes of striking, and development of the use of designs on planchets, and how obverses and reverses are distinguished.

Mr. Blake spoke about the rarity of the demand notes.

Applications were received from Messrs. Ed Gans, Charles Morley and Dr. Herbert J. Erlanger.

Charles Wormser reported about his Philadelphia trip and visit to the Philadelphia Coin Club.

Mr. Reagan made some remarks about the annual dinner of the Brooklyn Coin Club which had been recently held.

Mr. Engel was called upon to report about an auction. Mr. Freeman said that it ought to be encouraged, as that would permit collectors to add items to their collections. Mr. Bullowa said that he thought the club should be thankful that the meetings had sufficient interest in themselves, not to have any spare time lagging, and that auctions were not required to make our evenings full.

The president called for a show of hands, and few were anxious for an auction. It was decided, however, that an auction would be held if sufficient members placed desirable material in the hands of the committee. Mr. Bullowa volunteered to prepare the auction list.

The exhibits of the evening were as follows:

Mr. Arthur: Pitt Token, 1766, and a small representative collection of type U. S. half cents.

Mr. Adams: An octagonal paperweight with Roman coins on each of its sides, and a Brazilian coin on top.

Mr. Blake: Two \$10 demand notes payable in Boston at the Sub-Treasury, one note much rarer than the other, having "for the" written in before the Register and Treasurer.

Mr. Bullowa: Angola, 1 escudo bank note; Azores, 2500 reis bank note, both printed in Portuguese.

Mr. Clark: 28 Austrian thalers commencing with 1486 Tyrolean thaler and ending with the 5 schilling of 1935.

Mr. Dewey: Selection of minor coins of nineteenth century Austria. Souvenir watch badge with central portrait of Admiral Dewey.

Mr. Engel: 29 half cents dating from 1794 to 1857.

Mr. Erlanger: 9 Medals of Altdorf.

Dr. Feith: 6 Classical coins in fine condition.

Mr. Freeman: Nero aureus, Esthonia 2 senti and 1809 half cent.

Mr. Friedman: 12 U. S. half cents.

Mr. Gans: 6 Coins with figures of Hercules.

Mr. Grunthal: Double thaler of Aachen, Ferdinand III.

Mr. Holzer: Type collection of Austrian coins, and Roman coins.

Mr. Kelly: Haiti double gourdes of 1811 and 1813.

Mr. Korenyi: 40 Austrian Imperial coins.

Mr. Morely: Various archaic coins.

Mr. Newell: Series of archaic coins, illustrating fractional denominations from the stater to the 1/144th stater. Archaic coins from all sections of the ancient world, to show the relationship of the various standards, and the development of style at different periods.

Mr. Orabella: The 1940 New York Numismatic Club Newell medal; four half cents and eight transportation tokens.

Mr. Roth: Anglo-Hanoverian thaler, 1835, William IV, pure silver.

Mr. Stein: Archaic Greek coins of 14 city-states.

Mr. Silverman: 1940 U. S. proof set.

Mr. Schwartz: A group of nineteenth century Argentine and Austrian copper coins.

Mr. Shgia: Complete set of half cents. Pitt token.

Mr. Schmidt: Copper coins of countries issued in the nineteenth century.

Mr. Wagner: 2 early Flanders coins and a Belgian Congo set.

Mr. Zweier: 5 U. S. half cents and 8 miscellaneous coins.

It was recommended that the topic for the March meeting be as follows: Twentieth century coins beginning with the letter B. Transitional and Fine Period ancient cents. Types of large cents. Colonial paper money, with an address by Professor Reagan.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COIN CLUB—70th meeting, February 20. President Jacob presided over a gathering of fourteen members and one guest.

Mr. Barrington, curator of the Paine Memorial House, in New Rochelle, was welcomed by the chairman and introduced.

Mr. Dewey, chairman of the dinner committee, submitted the report that the sixth annual dinner may be held at the Donny Brook Lodge if available on the night of the meeting. Mr. Guttig reported that Dr. Mabbott has accepted an invitation to be the principal speaker at the dinner.

Mr. Guttig spoke on National Coin Week. Many members have volunteered to make exhibits during that week.

Mr. Bellus read a paper on the history of the men who were honored on the last five commemorative two-shilling pieces of Austria.

Topics of the evening: Washington coins, medals and tokens; U. S. half cents; coins of Austria; ancient topic, the earliest coinage, and items of your own interest.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Bellus: Complete set of coins of the Austrian republic.

Mr. Massey: 13 half cents, 1797 to 1856. 5 pengo commemorative of Hungary.

Mr. Baker: Complete set of 10 Austrian commemoratives in silver.

Mr. Brooke: 7 Civil War tokens with bust of Washington; Washington cent of 1783.

Mr. Jacob: Silver coins of Austria from 1760 to 1936; New Zealand centennial medals in bronze and silver, and half crown of same celebration.

Mr. Weidhaus: Washington Inaugural Centennial medal, 1889; medal and card-board token. Philadelphia Morning Post, 1868; a selection of half cents.

Mr. Cox: Societe Hollandaise-Belge des Amis de la Medaille d'Art medal for the 1914-19 exercise, Jan van Ruysbroeck, by Floris de Cuyper; New York Numis-

matic Club presidential medal of Edward T. Newell, by J. M. Swanson, and a selection of half cents.

Mr. Fastiggi: Fractional notes, first, second, third and fourth issues, with portraits of Washington.

Mr. Dewey: Selection of unit denomination copper coins of Austria-Hungary, 1 pfenning, 1 kreuzer, 1 heller, 1 groschen pieces, from 1759 to 1939.

Mr. Lighte: Selection of Washington medals: Lord's Prayer; Newburgh, 1783; the Little Red School House, 1897; International Exposition, 1931; Yorktown, 1881; International Exposition, 1876; Washington Peace medal, and many metal store cards.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—81st meeting, February 7. Twenty-one members and 18 guests were present.

This meeting being our anniversary dinner, the regular order of business was suspended and the president turned the gavel over to Mr. Deas, who acted as toastmaster.

Lewis M. Reagan gave a fine address, which he entitled "Xenobolism," stressing the value and cultivation of friendship among collectors.

Brief addresses were made by Messrs. Newell, Barnet, Bullowa, Sghia, Schwartz, Klaif, Brown, Semple, Arthur, Rippner and Coffin.

Mr. Coffin presented the club with an autographed copy of his new book, "Our American Money."

The following exhibits were shown:

Mr. Schulman: Odd Aztec money, 1450; French medal, 1842, railway opening, Louis Philippe bust.

Mr. Schmidt: View thaler of Ratisbon; coins of Naples and Sicily showing sun and earth and signs of the Zodiac; medal of the Holy Roman Empire pertaining to astronomy.

Mr. Daukszyz: 2 roubles of Peter I; Broad double and four crown pieces of Brunswick-Luneberg; 2 kroner of Sweden commemorating the Landing of the Swedes; 2 litas of Lithuania; ½ mark of Ortmark, German occupation.

Mr. Gorham: 1795 dollar and half dollar.

Mr. Arthur: Lincoln Centennial medal in book; 1937-D Buffalo nickel with only three legs visible on the buffalo.

Mr. Gans: Silver Neapolis stater, head of Gorgo, 5 B. C.; Roman silver denarius of the Cossutia and Plautia families.

Mr. Rippner: Specimens of fractional currency.

Mr. Wishy: Half dimes; nickel and silver 3-cent pieces.

Mr. Bullowa: 10-franc note of the Belgian Congo; 5-franc note of French West Africa; 20 escudos note of Portugal.

Mr. Stack: Quarter eagles of 1796, 1825, 1832 and 1865; 1876 \$3.

Mr. Silverman: 25c. denomination in silver, proof, commemorative, fractional currency and California gold.

Mr. Edelstein: Spielmarks; colonial electrotypes; U. S. freaks and die breaks.

Mr. Coffin: Gold zecchini of Benedict XIV, 1752, and Pius VI, 1778; 100 lira, Pope Pius XI, 1936.

Mr. Barnet: Large gold Lincoln medal, bust of Garfield on reverse.

Mr. Brown: Lincoln medal, Gettysburg Address on reverse; 2 notes, smallest and largest portraits of Washington.

Mr. Sghia: Washington half dollar and half dime of 1792.

Mr. Reagan: Cleopatra denarius; rouble, Catherine the Great, and shilling of Queen Elizabeth.

Mr. Kosoff: 3 platinum roubles, \$50 U. S. Assay slug, N. G. & N. half-eagle, \$4 Stella, and Bechtler \$2½.

Mr. Schwartz: Three thalers of Saxe-Weimar.

Mr. Kraus: 10 commemorative coins of Brazil; four 1939 coins of Mexico.

Mr. Orabella: California gold quarter and half dollar; U. S. \$1, \$2.50 and \$5 gold.

Mr. Berg: Large cent, 1811 over 1810.

BROOKLYN COIN CLUB—82nd meeting, March 6, Mr. Kosoff, president, in the chair. Nineteen members and four guests were present.

Mr. Kraus announced that the books and coin magazines of Wm. R. Tait, Jr., had been donated to the library by his father, Wm. R. Tait, Sr.

Mr. Orabella, unable to attend, sent his paper, "United States Three Cent Pieces," which was read by Mr. Reagan.

Mr. Schwartz read an excellent paper on the Coins of Saxony. This was Part I of a series and will be continued at a future meeting.

Mr. Blake read his fine paper, "Some Facts Concerning the Issue of Demand Notes and Their Design," and exhibited many specimens and photographs from his collection in illustration.

The following were announced as the topics for the April meeting: Coins of Peter the Great, and coins in your collection which you know nothing about.

The following exhibits were shown:

Mr. Van Der Meer: Netherland Indies, five 2½c., three 1c. and seven ½c. pieces in proof.

Mr. Reagan: 1940 proof set; Lincoln medal; pattern transportation tokens.

Mr. Edelstein: Encased postage stamps; notes of New York City and Westchester county banks; Mormon \$5 gold, 1849; several varieties overstruck large cents.

Mr. Rippner: 1856 Flying Eagle cent in proof; Pine Tree shilling; Pan-Pacific quarter eagle and 3c. fractional specimen note.

Mr. Kosoff: Mormon and Templeton Reid quarter eagles.

Mr. Silverman: 1940 New Zealand halfpenny and penny.

Mr. Blake: Six pattern pieces of French coins, all in bronze.

Mr. Barnet: 1807, 1829, 1831, 1875, 1917-S cents struck in silver; 1914 four-ducat gold of Austria.

Mr. Ell: 1877 cent from circulation; 1797 George III 2 pence in copper.
 Mr. Shannahan: 16 thalers of Saxony, 1542-1908.
 Mr. Semple: Two silver medals on the 100th anniversary of American Independence, 1776-1876; Columbian Exposition official admission souvenir, 1893.
 Mr. Schwartz: A number of crowns of central Europe of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries.

CHICAGO COIN CLUB—March 6. R. L. McBrien presided, with 68 members and 13 visitors present.

Applications of Arthur B. Kelley, St. Louis, Mo.; John Stewart, Milwaukee, and Charles A. Kraut, Chicago, were elected to membership. Application for membership of C. B. Pound was referred to the membership committee.

Correspondence from the Supervising Agent of the United States Secret Service relative to an address on counterfeiting, also the showing of the film "Know Your Money," was read and accepted.

John Carls, president of the Racine Numismatic Society, extended a personal invitation to attend its first banquet on March 28.

Ted Hammer distributed souvenirs given through the courtesy of the Burlington Chamber of Commerce.

A committee of William Evans, Chas. E. Green and Earl F. Barger, is to arrange for National Coin Week exhibit in Chicago.

Exhibits were as follows:

Fred A. Clarke: 1881 Hawaiian 5c. piece; 1883 Hawaiian \$1; 1928 Irish Free State series.

R. H. Rosholm: Copper patterns of Haiti, Monaco, France, Griquatown, Transvaal, Cape of Good Hope, Brazil, Belgium, Portugal, Baden, Germany, and an English silver pattern crown.

Lee Hewitt: 1940 commemoratives of New Zealand.

Wm. Rayson: Silver pennies of Henry III and Edward I, 1216 to 1307, 12 different mint varieties.

Ted Hammer: Bryan dollars struck in Burlington Railroad shops; transportation tokens and scrip from Burlington.

Don C. Keefer submitted a paper on Melanesian money showing its values and denominations, illustrated with 24 interesting specimens.

R. W. Smith: Illustrations of 100 uniface siege coins as taken from Van Loon.

R. E. Davis: Notes issued in New York, New Jersey and Delaware during the Civil War period.

Wm. Evans: 18 pattern 5c. nickels in proof, including both types of 1866 and both types of 1867; 1877 in proof and 1883 no cents milled edge and gold plated, not in A.-W.; pattern dime of 1871 in silver, Liberty seated on globe, proof; pattern half dollar of 1863, silver, with motto "God Our Trust"; pattern half dollar of 1870, silver, 50c. in wreath standard.

DES MOINES COIN CLUB—48th meeting, March 1, Chairman Dr. N. M. Hansen presiding. Seven members and one visitor present.

There was considerable discussion on displays to be placed for the coming National Coin Week to be held March 30 to April 6th.

A motion was made and carried to have guest cards printed to be used in inviting prospective members to attend our club meetings.

Milton Radke was elected club auctioneer for the coming year.

Displays were as follows:

Mr. Radke: Collection of small cents.

Mr. Rash: Set of Hawaiian silver, 1883.

Mr. Swanson: Type collection of double eagles.

NUMISMATIC SOCIETY OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA—January 4, 63d meeting.

The evening was set aside for a paper entitled "Silver and Copper of the Georgian Period," by Mr. H. P. Whittle.

Among the useful information contained in Mr. Whittle's paper were those relating to the fact that the usual legend was supplemented by the letters "D. F." (for "Defender of the Faith"), which appeared for the first time on the English coinage, although the title had been conferred upon Henry VIII by the Pope; that the symbols in the angles formed by the cross-design on the reverse denoted the origin of the metal from which the coin was made; that the figure of Britannia was taken from the type of a Roman coin, and that the crown pieces and half crowns were difficult to secure in good condition.

Mr. Whittle made mention of the artist-designers of the period he covered, viz., Croker, Tanner, Pingo, Kuchler and Pistrucel. He also drew attention to the interesting story behind the "Lima" series. Mention was made of the unusual number of counterfeit coppers circulating during the reigns of the first three Georges. Other items explained were the countermarked Spanish dollars, the Bank of England (1804) dollar, the recoinage of 1816, the heavy coinage of two-pennies and pence in 1797, and the varying positions of Britannia on the coinage.

Mr. Whittle illustrated his paper by showing a large and comprehensive range of specimens from his collection.

An exhibition of "Dates on coins" was given by Canon T. H. Frewin. He spoke on the possibilities of identifying a coin by its date.

Each member then exhibited his oldest coins. Canon T. H. Frewin proved to be the possessor of the oldest, which was a coin of Corcyra, issued 500 B. C.

WESTERN MARYLAND COIN CLUB—February 21. There were 14 members and 2 guests present.

Report was made by Fred P. Keyser, chairman of the display committee for Coin Week, mentioning the several windows that he contacted and which he secured for displays, also library, and schools.

Wm. L. Wilson spoke of his efforts to get a speaker from out of town for this meeting, and for the special meeting during Coin Week. It was also decided to

hold the special dinner meeting during Coin Week at the Ali Ghan Shrine Country Club, with the members to bring their ladies, the dinner to cost \$1 per plate.

There was displayed a \$20 gold piece of private minting, also a very complete set of shinplasters, and other interesting paper money.

The secretary was instructed to contact H. E. MacIntoch to secure the convention movie for our next meeting if possible, or for the special ladies' night meeting.

An auction was held.

OMAHA COIN CLUB—68th meeting, March 1. Seventeen members and three visitors were present.

After considerable discussion concerning the method of conducting our auctions and the commission charged, a motion was carried that no commission be charged to club members for material sold at our auctions.

An invitation to Omaha Coin Club members and their wives to be guests of the Nebraska Power Company the evening of April 12, for a free dinner at 6.30 P. M., followed by an inspection trip through the generating station, was accepted.

Howard E. Means and Alex S. Fichler were elected to membership. An application from Mr. C. W. Ireland was referred to the membership committee.

President Judd gave a very interesting talk on pattern coins and exhibited his superb collection of United States patterns. This collection consists of about 200 different patterns, all attributed and most of them in the best condition obtainable. Beginning with a 1792 pattern for large cents, it contains patterns for every series of United States coins that have been struck. This collection will also be on exhibit at the Central States Numismatic Conference, which will be held in Burlington, Iowa, April 27 and 28.

Mr. Wilson had on exhibit a type set of United States coins which consisted of nearly all the types, including a 1793 large cent, 1795 half dime, several types of early \$5 gold and all the latest types in proof.

BOSTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—February 26. Dinner was served in the main dining room. The business meeting was held in a private room. Eight members were present.

Mr. Pond read an interesting letter from R. G. Appleyard, Honorary Secretary of the Numismatic Society of South Australia, relative to Mr. Pond's article, "The Piastre Decaen, 1810," which was printed in the January issue of *The Numismatist*. Mr. Pond said he had copies of his article and he distributed several copies to the members present.

Pictures of presumably copies of colonial coins were passed around for the members to identify.

The executive committee reported favorably on the applications of the following and they were unanimously elected: Hans Subak, 38 Davison St., Hyde Park, Mass.; Jacob Lebowich, 27 School St., Boston, Mass.; Fred H. McDermott, 441 Bunker Hill St., Charlestown, Mass.

President Stafford spoke of the advisability of having a numismatic library in Boston. There was a short general discussion on this subject.

The speaker for the evening was President Stafford. Topic, "Silver Trade Crosses." President Stafford gave a very interesting talk of this little-known subject and exhibited nine specimens. Mr. Stafford is still working on this subject and perhaps in the near future may have a comprehensive account for publication in *The Numismatist*. He was given a vote of thanks at the conclusion of his talk.

Exhibits were as follows:

President Stafford: A collection of silver trade crosses.

Mr. Pond: Two books and two foreign catalogues.

Mr. Lowenstam: Four varieties, imitations, of California \$50 slugs, three in brass and one in silver; sheets of bills, including impressions of original plates of early Massachusetts currency.

Mr. Welti: African tribal money.

Mr. Wardner: Various foreign coins and bills.

SEATTLE COIN CLUB—February 29, President Fouts presiding. Twenty members and visitors were present.

President Fouts read an article regarding the signers of Colonial and Continental currency.

President Fouts exhibited samples of single blocks for holding coins of all sizes so that coins could be sealed in with both sides showing. They made a very neat appearance and may develop into the perfect answer for keeping and displaying coin collections.

President Fouts showed for the first time the medal of Washington commemorating the fifty years of Statehood of the State of Washington. The medal is in bronze and mounted in two halves, showing the obverse and reverse and weighs about 15 pounds. This will be presented to the State of Washington by the Seattle Coin Club and will be accepted by the Governor of the State and hung in the office of the Governor. The presentation committee will be composed of the officials of the Seattle Coin Club, Judge Walter B. Beals and Harry Huse, of Olympia. The Associated Press says it will be on hand.

U. S. type displays were the feature of the evening. There was considerable discussion as to whether the 1856 cent and 1836 dollar should be classed as regular types or patterns. The majority opinion seemed to class them as patterns.

Some of the types displayed were as follows:

Mr. Saeman: Practically all of the distinctive types in copper and silver from 1793 to date.

Mr. Hill: A frame of various types of paper money.

Mr. Glickert: Five types of U. S. \$5 gold pieces, including the 1795. He is also the possessor of four 1856 cents.

Mr. Fouts: 21 different types of dollars, half dollars and quarters sealed in single blocks, displaying both sides.

Dr. Moon: A beautiful exhibit of U. S. gold. There were five \$20 pieces, including the 1907 St. Gaudens, uncirculated, and the rare 1931, \$20 uncirculated. Also some \$10, \$5 and \$1 pieces. Mr. Zeckser also had a nice assortment of copper and silver types, while Mr. Worth displayed some uncirculated fractional currency.

CALIFORNIA COIN CLUB—145th regular meeting of the California Coin Club, March 5, at the new meeting place, the Stowell Hotel, 416 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal., thirty-six members and guests being present.

It was suggested that a meeting be held for the purpose of honoring Ed M. Lee, of Glendale, who has contributed much to the subject of numismatics, and Dr. Pradeau and Mr. Koeppe were appointed as a committee to report on arrangements at the next meeting.

The speaker of the evening was the secretary, Earle K. Stanton, who took for his subject "Marc Antony and His Associates," tracing the life of this noted Roman general from his association with Julius Caesar in the Gallic wars to his defeat by Octavian (Augustus) at the Battle of Actium, in B. C. 31 and the subsequent suicide of Antony and Cleopatra the following year. The talk was accompanied by an exhibit of coins of these celebrities and their associates, including a rare denarius owned by Dr. Harbeck; also photographs taken by Mr. Stanton showing scenes in Rome, Syria, Palestine and Egypt, where Antony was most active.

A list of questions on numismatics was presented by President Larson, and the meeting closed with an auction.

MILWAUKEE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—65th meeting, February 23, with 22 members and one visitor in attendance. President Culver presided.

The proposed amendment to the by-laws of the society as read at the December meeting was adopted.

President Culver reported on the attendance and expenses of our banquet last month.

Mr. Zerr, chairman of the emblem committee, reported on the progress of the committee's work to date.

An invitation to the banquet of the Racine Coin Club was read.

Participation in National Coin Week activities was discussed at length. It was decided that each member seek his own place and arrange his own display in various public places. Indications are that many displays will be arranged by our members.

Attendance at the Central States Convention in Burlington, Iowa was discussed.

Mr. Gerber, chairman of the educational committee, asked that those who had coins on display at meetings describe them. He also asked all present to fill out a questionnaire stating what each member collects, what coins each member can give information on, and on what coins or series each member would like information. This information is expected to be of great help to the educational committee in arranging programs for the coming meetings.

Exhibits were as follows:

Mr. Madala: Two-cent pieces (set) in proof.

Mr. Stewart: Set of Washington quarters and a set of Morgan type dimes.

Mr. Braunel: Piece-of-eight.

An auction of fifty lots followed adjournment.

WAUKESHA COIN CLUB—February 28. Ten members and one visitor were present.

Ray Braunel was requested to compile a sample copy of a booklet which would list all the members' names and addresses, and each collector's specialty, and present it at the next regular meeting.

Mr. Culver, of Milwaukee, gave a short talk on the convention to be held in Burlington, Iowa, on April 27 and 28.

An auction was held.

MISSOURI NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—March 11. Meeting called to order by President Kelley with 37 present.

A new member of the club is J. A. Goellner.

Mr. Frick exhibited proof Trade dollars and small cents.

President Kelley and club members had a lengthy discussion about National Coin Week. It was decided to have a number of exhibits in downtown store windows during Coin Week.

There was also a discussion about the forthcoming joint meeting of the Kansas City and St. Louis clubs. This meeting will be held the first week of May, with a definite date being set later.

An auction followed the regular meeting.

AKRON COIN CLUB—February 19, 18th meeting, with 17 members and 1 guest present. President F. Hammett presided. Miss H. L. Boyd was admitted to membership. One new application was received, to be voted upon at the next meeting.

After much discussion on a design for a club medal, it was voted that it be left to the discretion of the committee on medals.

A display and discussion by C. W. McKinney on "George Washington and the Colonial coin bearing his portrait" was the feature of the evening.

The following exhibits were shown:

C. W. McKinney: 1792 half disme, 1791 Liberty and Security cent, 1783 Wash-

ington and Independence cents, 1783 Unity States of America cents, 1783 Voce Populi cent.

H. Certain: Illinois half dollar, Gettysburg half dollar, Lincoln mementoes.

F. Hammett: Complete set of Washington quarters.

V. L. Oblisk: 1799 dollar, Lafayette dollar, Civil War tokens bearing the portrait of Washington, 1783 Washington and Independence cent, Washington and Lincoln medals.

Samuel Rotenberg: Massachusetts cent, Lincoln medals, 10c. and 50c. fractional currency, 1799 dollar, 1846 dollar, Lafayette dollar, 1853 pattern cent and coins of Russia, Philippine Islands and Cuba.

An auction followed.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—March 7. Fifteen members were present.

The dinner committee reported that the program for March 28 was taking shape, and they hoped to have Ira S. Reed, of Philadelphia, as speaker at the dinner.

The nominating committee made the following suggestions for the 1940 slate: President, J. M. Cook; vice-president, A. B. Stewart; secretary-treasurer, George Requard; board of governors, in addition to the officers, to consist of Mr. McCormick, Mr. Straus, Mr. Hall and Mr. Cockey. The committee's recommendations were accepted and held over until the evening of our election.

This was our program night, and we were fortunate to have an exhibition of Civil War tokens and a discussion by Dr. Plummer. Dr. Plummer's collection consisted of a large number of the 8961 varieties and all of them were in fine condition. The paper on the subject was very interesting and indicated that he had gone to a great deal of trouble to dig up the history of this series of tokens.

QUAD CITY COIN CLUB—February 8. There were 15 members and one guest present. Mr. Baker, the president, presided.

It was moved by Mr. Laurent that each member be appointed a committee of one to further the interests of Coin Week, and that no club action would be taken as it follows so closely the display of the stamp and coin clubs. The secretary was instructed to write Mr. Bullowa and explain our action.

There was a discussion on our future programs and the program chairman, Mr. Laurent, proposed an Indian Head cent display and swap night for our next meeting. Each member was requested to bring one or more Indians.

Displays for the next meeting will be: Ancients, by Lawrence Freytag, and transportation tokens, by Dr. Sherrard.

The regular auction was held.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—March 5. President Hall was in the chair. Eleven members were present. There were eight visitors present, including wives and lady friends, who were especially invited to attend this meeting.

Dr. Hepting presented a very interesting talk on the production of coins and other numismatic pieces from dies. He exhibited several specimen dies and hubs to illustrate his subject.

Mr. Marlier talked on the general study of ancient coins and displayed several trays of superb specimens in gold and silver.

Exhibits for the evening:

Mr. Woodside: Cut and counterstamped silver of the West Indies; Charles I, Newark siege pieces; Irish ring money in silver and gold.

Mr. Eastwood: Coins of the Holy Roman Empire.

Mr. Porter: Set of commemorative gold, 11 pieces; miscellaneous gold coins, including California, Bechtler, dollars, quarter eagles and three dollar pieces.

Dr. Hepting: Gold coins of the U. S., including all types of dollars, three types of half eagles, two types of eagles, three types of double eagles; also quarter eagles and two Stellas.

Mr. Piper: Official bronze medal of Lewis and Clark Expedition; Ferris Wheel medal of Columbian Exposition.

Mr. Bullions: \$10 gold, 1899, uncirculated.

Mr. Gaede: Various medals.

Mr. DeVos: Modern sets of coins of New Zealand and Canada; Turkish 5-piastres, 1277 A. H. and 1865 A. D.; various U. S. gold pieces.

Mr. Hall: Tray of Lincoln tokens, various metals, contemporary and subsequent.

Dr. Gillis: Complete set of U. S. Mint Presidential medals, with available specimens in original red bronze proofs.

Mr. Coatsworth: Set of commemorative gold, uncirculated, 11 pieces.

TOPEKA COIN CLUB—February 29. Sixteen members and five guests were present.

Plans for activities during National Coin Week were discussed and the president appointed the following committees:

To arrange window and other displays, Mr. Rosser, chairman; Mr. Beatty, Mr. Robinson.

To arrange for anniversary banquet and entertainment (our first anniversary as a club falls on April 1, 1940, during National Coin Week), Dr. Davis, chairman; Mr. Kelley, Mr. Wright.

Our member from Kansas City, H. E. Rowold, was present and extended an invitation to us to attend the meeting of the Missouri State Numismatic Association in St. Louis on Saturday and Sunday, May 4 and 5.

Ten of our members placed their orders with the secretary for sets of the 1940 proof coins.

The president announced that 1940 renewal membership cards would carry the same serial number as originally issued.

Mr. Robinson reported he had overlooked making a note about reading a paper at this meeting on 1890 United States Coin or Treasury notes but that he would have it ready next meeting.

AMES NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—February 7. A discussion was held regarding the filing of articles of incorporation, and Mr. Bohler was appointed to investigate the procedure.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Lamb, Baird and Bohler was appointed to take charge of exhibits for National Coin Week. Mr. Ferguson is to make arrangements for a radio discussion over WOI, the college station.

All present were given an opportunity to classify the condition of five sets of coins. There were almost as many different answers.

LEHIGH VALLEY COIN CLUB—February 15, 25th meeting. Twelve members and one guest were present.

One new member was elected to club membership and two applications were received.

Mr. Masters was awarded the door prize.

A new feature of each meeting will be a coin exhibit, the exhibits to be suggested by the president. The next meeting will be large copper cent night.

The poster to be used for display during National Coin Week was approved and accepted by the members.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—633rd meeting, February 20, with 23 members present.

Mr. Lindboe gave a talk on "The Historic Background of the Norse-American." Much discussion followed Mr. Lindboe's interesting talk.

Mr. Newell gave a list of places where there will be coin exhibits for National Coin Week.

Meeting was adjourned for auction.

ROCHESTER NUMISMATIC ASSOCIATION—634th meeting, March 5, with 20 members and 3 visitors present.

Mr. Newell, chairman of National Coin Week committee, made a few remarks in regard to plans. He is arranging a night for the Boy Scouts during Coin Week.

Dr. Parker spoke on "The Evolution of American Coins." His talk was followed by some slides of early American coins.

Dr. Cady told the club that Mr. Perry, from the Hobby Council, wished to take some movies of the club members. April 16th was selected for the time.

CORTLAND COIN CLUB—73rd meeting, March 7. Twelve members and six guests were present. Dinner was served preceding the meeting. Five members of Tri-Cities Coin Club were our guests.

R. W. Robinson, of Ithaca, was welcomed as a new member.

H. K. Crofoot exhibited his complete set of commemorative half dollars, also a partial set of regular half dollars.

Mr. Kent, of Binghamton, displayed some "tin hat" money and a few pieces of fractional currency.

RACINE NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—March 8, John Carls presiding. Twelve members were present.

Brief discussions were held regarding plans to display coins during National Coin Week.

Final arrangements were completed for our second anniversary banquet to be held March 28 at the Wagner Hotel. One of our speakers will be J. Henri Ripstra, of Chicago.

Exhibits were as follows:

Joseph Martin: 1803 eagle, extra fine.

Karl Borseth: 1924-D Liberty Standing quarter, brilliant.

John R. Stewart: Set Pope Pius IX medals. These were presented by the Pope to the Cardinal of Seville, Spain, who died in April or May, 1922. The medals were bought by Mr. Rosholm, of Chicago, in June, 1922, at a public auction of household goods belonging to the late Cardinal of Seville at the Market Square of Passage, a small town near Seville, Spain. These medals were dated 1875 and were struck at the Vatican in Rome.

COLUMBUS NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—98th meeting, March 9 and 10. The coin display was open to the public on both days and several thousand viewed the exhibit. On Sunday an auction of 100 lots was held. The banquet was held at 6.30 in the evening, and the members and guests enjoyed a fine chicken dinner and afterwards were entertained with singing and dancing by 25 members of one of the leading dancing schools of the city. There were 42 members and visitors present at the banquet including Mr. Macallister, of Philadelphia; Sam Kabealo, of Youngstown; James Kelly, of Dayton; L. H. Whitt, of Dayton; Miss Nichols, of Dayton; Mr. Kaplan, of Cincinnati; Mr. Webb, of Piqua; Mr. Terry, of Cincinnati, and Mr. Monroe, of Piqua.

There were several pretentious displays by the members. Among these were: Mr. Higgy: Complete sets of nearly all denominations of United States coins in uncirculated or proof condition, including Colonials, and a Birch cent, 1792, said to be the finest known. Br. Proof \$4 Stella. 3-rouble Russian, proof in platinum. 1792 1/2 dime, unc. 1851 Gold Slug, Unc., and a pretentious display of Pioneer gold. Complete set of fractional currency, all Unc. This was one of the finest displays ever shown in Central Ohio. Mr. Higgy is vice-president of the Columbus club.

Mr. Randolph: 28 specimens of \$1 and \$2 bills, crisp, unc.

Mr. Ruggless: Complete sets of all U. S. cents, half cents, and 2 cents, Unc. and proof.

Mr. Dunlap: Complete set of large cents, all dates and types, fine to Unc. 7 different types of \$1 bills. 1795 dollar, flowing hair. 1880 Trade dollar, br. proof. Colonial, including Franklin, Fugio, Massachusetts and New Jersey.

George Andrews: 1936-38-39 proof sets of U. S. silver. Miscellaneous dollars, Colonial coins and medals. Very nice display of Confederate currency, 1861-64. Collection of obsolete bank notes of Ohio. Various U. S. currency notes from the demand note to 1923 in large currency. A number of \$1, \$2 and \$5 National Bank notes of the State of Ohio.

R. W. Edwards: Fine display of \$1, \$2, \$5 and \$10 large currency, including a \$5 gold bank note of the First National Gold Bank of San Francisco in the 1870 Series.

C. J. Stoltz: A display of fractional currency of 65 pieces, including postage currency.

Elmer Henderson: A display of 75 crowns, all dated prior to 1800, and mostly broad, extremely fine to unc., with pictures of cities, equestrian and rulers. Especially nice collection of Russian rulers from Peter the Great to Katherine the Great.

The coins were on display until 9 o'clock Sunday evening and hundreds of people who viewed it were lavish in their praise of it, and the club gained some very favorable publicity thereby, several expressing a desire to join the club.

BURLINGTON COIN CLUB—March 11. Eighteen were present. The secretary was requested to correspond with Mr. Gage, of the Fairfield Coin Club, with a view to arranging a joint meeting in the near future.

A large part of the business meeting was devoted to discussion of plans for National Coin Week, March 30 to April 6. Cleo Loserth and Stanley Smith remain co-chairmen of the Coin Week program and were delegated the task of arranging window displays, talks and radio programs and newspaper publicity.

Ted Hammer reported that he had attended a meeting of the Chicago Coin Club and that there were indications of a large delegation from that city attending the Central States Numismatic Convention to be held in Burlington this spring.

Louis Klusak concluded the program with a discussion about Irish coins.

WASHINGTON NUMISMATIC SOCIETY—March 4th, with Mr. Hodge, the president, presiding. There were twenty-six members present, and seven guests.

Medals received the attention of the club. Among those exhibited were Mr. Weikert's collection of Russian medals; Mr. Vanderwende's collection of medals of Sweden and Czecho-Slovakia. The official Presidential medals and a George Washington medal were exhibited by Mr. Roberts. Mr. Permoda showed a beautiful medal of Joan of Arc. Mr. Sigler exhibited Washington medals and exposition medals. Mr. Zug exhibited a gold medal of Menelik II of Ethiopia, and medals of the Centennial Exposition of 1876; also sets of coins of the Vatican, Irish Republic, and George V and George VI of Great Britain.

An auction sale of coins followed the business meeting and exhibits.

MADISON COIN CLUB—March 7th. The eight members present decided that the club would hold its following meetings on the second Monday of each month, starting on April 8th.

National Coin Week preparations were discussed with all the members planning individual displays at chosen business establishments.

BALTIMORE COIN CLUB—February 15, with twenty members present. The dinner committee reminded the members that the date set for the dinner, March 21, would fall in Holy Week, which might be inconvenient. Therefore, it was decided to delay the dinner one week and have it on March 28.

The question box yielded a few questions of interest.

Mr. Perlitz read a letter which he had received from our member, Captain Newton, of the Marines, now in Shanghai. Captain Newton's letter was very interesting and gave us a vivid picture of the unhappy conditions existing in Shanghai in relation to the currency there and the disordered financial position.

The program committee, Mr. Straus, chairman, informed us that Dr. Plummer would have an interesting exhibition of Civil War tokens and would discuss his collection at our next meeting on March 7.

An auction was held.

NORTHWEST COIN CLUB—February 15. The following were elected members: Le Roy Owen, Otto Peterson and James Benane, the manager of the local Hollinbeck Stamp and Coin Company branch store. The application of Karl Aurelius, of St. Paul, was received.

There was no formal program. The evening was spent looking and talking about the coins brought in by R. G. Randall and Dr. Ward.

This is the last meeting in the St. Paul Hotel since conditions make it necessary to make a substantial charge for rooms.

James J. MacGowan will talk on his collection of coins from 129 different countries at the March 7 meeting at the Curtis Hotel in Minneapolis. Arrangements have been made for half a dozen show-window displays during National Coin Week.

YOUNGSTOWN NUMISMATIC CLUB—February 1. There were 34 members and guests present. Loy W. Smith and B. W. Folsom, of Warren, Ohio, were admitted to membership.

The membership decided to cooperate with the local Y. M. C. A. in promoting a hobby show during the month of April.

George M. Johnson, Secret Service operative of the U. S. Treasury Department,

gave a very interesting talk regarding counterfeit money, how to detect same, and presented an interesting display of so-called money.

Joseph Zimmer displayed all types of quarters in uncirculated condition, a number of patterns of this type of coin, and gave a very interesting talk on this series.

SPRINGFIELD COIN CLUB—286th meeting, March 13th, President Sandburg presiding with fifteen members present.

Plans for National Coin Week were discussed and President Sandburg announced that arrangements had been made for him to speak over a radio station on April 4th. Mr. Oliver will have a display at the Springfield Safe Deposit and Trust Co., and Mr. MacIntosh will make an exhibit. Dr. Black, of Brattleboro, Vt., will speak before the Lions Club of that city on April 2nd, his subject being "Coins."

The entertainment for the evening was furnished by Mr. MacIntosh in the form of a numismatic quiz, which proved to be a success, all members present enthusiastically taking part. Mr. Leheup and Mr. Wolcott tied for first prize, with 85 points each.

Mr. MacIntosh conducted the auction.

WESTERN RESERVE NUMISMATIC CLUB—228th meeting, March 13. 44 members and 11 guests present, Judge Sawicki presiding.

V. L. Oblisk, of Akron, Ohio, was elected to membership.

Harley L. Freeman reported on the proceedings at the convention of the Ohio State Numismatic Society in Columbus, March 9, 1940.

Exhibits were as follows:

Ed H. Windau: Approximately 700 pieces of money depicting the historical aspect of the Spanish Main, from Carlos and Joanna to the present time. The collection included cob money, pillar dollars, scale money, the bust types (of the monarchs), the revolutionary series from 1913 to 1917, and the present republican series. A set of the excessively rare 60-peso dies of Oaxaca was also exhibited.

Harley L. Freeman: National bank notes with charter numbers 3, 5, 7, 13; \$5 demand notes of Boston; Spanish-American gold and silver coins from Carlos and Joanna to Ferdinand VI; cut and counterstamped coins of the Spanish-Americans.

Ambrose P. Spencer: Gold daric of Xerxes I; silver siglos of Artaxerxes I, his son; sovereign and shilling of George III. The daric and sovereign have nearly the same weight, although coined 2,400 years apart, and the siglos was 1/20 of the daric, just as the shilling is of the sovereign.

M. F. Higgy: Superb collection of U. S. cents, quarters, halves; \$50 gold slug of Humbert, dated 1851; 1879 gold Stella; 1792 Birch cent; 1792 disme; Pine Tree and Oak Tree shillings.

Dr. Y. A. Sargis: Coins of Isabel II, Alphonso XII, Alphonso XIII, Ferdinand VII; Roman large bronzes of Vespasian, Judae Capta, Domitian, Germania Capta; set of 1924 quarters, and a set of famous American stamps (Poets).

Joseph F. Sawicki: Coins of the Americas: The Argentine, Bolivia, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Panama, Peru, Puerto Rico, Brazil, Uruguay, Venezuela, Santo Domingo.

John W. Gregor: Coins of the Spanish-Americans; U. S. proofs of 1936, 37, 38, 39, 40.

An auction was held.

Notice to District Secretaries

A supply of the revised edition of "Everybody's Coin Book" by Frederic J. Haskin has been obtained by the Director of Advertising in accordance with authorization made by the New York Convention.

These booklets have proved to be of interest and value to collectors, especially beginners, and have been of assistance to District Secretaries in previous years in promoting publicity for the Association among prospective members.

The Director of Advertising will be glad to send you a limited number of the booklets on request. Please indicate the number desired. Except in unusual cases not more than twenty copies can be sent to any one District Secretary, and the average will have to be held to ten to fifteen. If you have not examined a copy recently, please write for sample copy and request for a larger number may be made later. This offer is restricted to Officers and District Secretaries.

Others may obtain copies of the booklet at 10 cents each by writing to the publisher, Frederic J. Haskin, Washington, D. C.

LEWIS M. REAGAN, Director of Advertising.

99 Livingston St., Brooklyn, New York.

TACOMA COIN CLUB ORGANIZED.

At a meeting held Saturday afternoon, February 24, at the home of Fuller A. Coy, 3507 South K St., Tacoma, Wash., the Tacoma Coin Club was organized and those present at the meeting were designated as charter members of the organization. They are as follows: Fuller A. Coy, Louis K. Woodford, Andrew Tweeten, Fred W. Urch, Ray Lohrengel, Howard E. Sloyer, John Drake and J. Ralph Williams.

The following were elected officers for one year: President, Fred W. Urch; vice-president, Howard E. Sloyer; secretary-treasurer, Louis K. Woodford; librarian, John Drake (appointed by the president); board of directors, Fred W. Urch, chairman; Howard E. Sloyer, Louis K. Woodford, Andrew Tweeten, Fuller A. Coy and Ray Lohrengel.

Tentative by-laws adopted provide that five members shall constitute a quorum for transaction of business; that all members shall be notified at least one week in advance of any special meeting called, and that only members in good standing shall be entitled to vote. Club dues were established at \$3.00 per year, payable \$1.50 semi-annually in advance. Regular meetings will be held on the fourth Saturday of each month.

GOLD DOUBLE EAGLES FOUND IN TEXAS.

W. P. Murchison, A. N. A. 7548, of Corsicana, Texas, reports the finding a few days ago of four \$20 gold pieces by three boys at play on the Loco Gaines farm, near Corsicana.

The youths were reportedly engaged in the age-old art of "chunkin' rocks," and one of them thought he had found a real "sailer" when he discovered it was a coin. A quick search discovered three more coins, and from well-informed quarters it was reported adults as well as the younger generations were looking around more carefully than usual. The coins were reported to have borne the date 1851.

Mr. Murchison says: "A native of the Chatfield community tells me there have been many rumors of gold buried during the Civil War for safekeeping from robbers and to prevent confiscation. At one time, foundations of the old Ike Jeffers place was almost demolished by gold seekers."

A VOLUME ON CHINESE COINS.

C. C. Tsiang, of Shanghai, China, has published a volume entitled "Illustrations of Chinese Gold, Silver and Nickel Coins." It is an illustrated volume, well bound, of 257 pages, with several hundred cuts, taken from the actual coins. The volume is said to be based on a wealthy Chinese's collection, considered the most complete of its kind. The text is in Chinese and in English. Although rarities are given, the terms are cryptic, such as "precious by collectors now."

The outstanding feature of this volume is that it does not list the semi-medallic pieces, of which China recently has issued so many, particularly in the dollar-size series. Every coin mentioned in this volume is believed to have been struck for and used as regular currency.

CZECHO-SLOVAKIA HAS SHORTAGE OF SMALL COINS.

According to a recent news report, all small coins in Prague, formerly in Czecho-Slovakia, have disappeared from circulation. The reason for the shortage is attributed to Czech hoarding and also to the withdrawal of coins by the authorities to obtain metal for "industrial" uses. Paper will be released in its place.

COAL MONEY IN ENGLAND.

According to a recent English catalogue, Kimmeridge, in Dorset, is believed to have used pieces of shale about two inches in diameter, with a few punctures in it, as currency many years ago.

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1861-O Half Dollars, Uncirculated, each	2.25
1918-S Dimes, Brilliant Uncirculated, each	1.00

\$5.00 1806, Round top 6, Near Uncirculated, Ext. Fine	17.50
\$2.50 1874, Uncirculated, Mint lustre	7.50
\$2.50 1884, Uncirculated	10.00
Half Dollars —1839, Drapery, Ex.F. 4.25	4.25
1876-CC, Ext. Fine	3.50
1879, Impaired Proof, lightest nicks in field	2.00
1882, Proof	3.25
1883, Proof	3.25
1886, Cloudy Proof	2.25
1911-S, Ext. Fine	3.25
1912-D, Ext. Fine	2.50
1914, Uncirculated	2.75
1918-D, Very Fine	2.25
1919-D, Ext. Fine	5.00
1920-S, Very Fine	2.25
1927-S, Ext. Fine	1.75
1928-S, Ext. Fine	1.75
Quarter —1921, Fine	4.00

NEW ZEALAND MEDALS

STRUCK IN BRILLIANT PROOF

Commemorating the Centennial of New Zealand, "A Century of Progress"

Issued by the New Zealand Numismatic Society

Obv. Maori's in native boat, tropical palm in foreground. Rev. Modern liner with airship above. Dollar size. Bronze 95c. Silver \$1.85. Plus postage.

NICARAGUA ISSUES NEW NICKEL SERIES.

1939, 50, 25 and 10 centavos. Obv. Cordoba facing. Rev. Sun over mountains. Set of 3, Uncir., 60c., plus postage.

FOREIGN GOLD

From a large collection, just acquired, we offer the following advantageous purchases in this interesting series of Foreign Gold Coins:

ARABIA, 1924, Dinar for Hedjaz, Hussein Ali. Uncir.	\$15.00
CHILE, 1926, 100 Pesos, Santiago Mint. Uncir.	24.00
CHILE, 1917, 20 Pesos, Santiago Mint, by O. Roty. Uncir.	16.50
DENMARK, 1873, 20 Kroner, Christian IX. About Uncir.	11.00
DANISH WEST INDIES, 1905, 20 Francs or 4 Daler, Christian IX. Fine and scarce	8.25
EAST INDIA, 1841, Mohur, Victoria. Fine, loop removed	14.50
EGYPT, 1922, 100 Piastres, Fuad. Ext. Fine	12.00
ENGLAND, 1794, Spade Guinea, George III. Very Fine	10.00
ENGLAND, 1782, Rose Guinea, George III. Very Fine	10.00
ENGLAND, 1823, 2 Pounds, George IV. Ext. Fine	21.00
ENGLAND, 1832 or 3, 1 Pound, George IV. Fine	Each 9.00
ENGLAND, 1855, 1 Pound, Victoria. Ext. Fine	9.00
ENGLAND, 1887, 2 Pounds, Victoria, Jubilee issue. Ext. Fine	20.00
ENGLAND, 1887, 1 Pound, Victoria, Jubilee issue. Uncir.	9.50
ENGLAND, 1908, 1 Pound, Edward VII. Uncir.	9.00
ENGLAND, 1914, 1 Pound, George V. About Uncir.	9.00
FRANCE, 1786, Louis d'or, Louis XVI. Very Fine	8.00
FRANCE, 1803, 40 Francs, Napoleon, First Consul. Ext. Fine	14.00
FRANCE, 1811, 40 Francs, Napoleon, Emperor Ext. Fine	15.00
FRANCE, 1818, 40 Francs, Louis XVIII, struck at Lille. Very Fine	14.75
FRANCE, 1833, 40 Francs, Louis Philippe. Fine	14.00
FRANCE, 1857, 50 Francs, Napoleon III. Ext. Fine	19.00
HYDERABAD, 1919, Ashrafi, ½, ¼ and ⅛ Ashrafi. Brilliant uncir. Set of 4 rare coins, struck at the Nizam's Mint. Uncir.	45.00
ITALY, 1923, 20 Lire, Victor Emanuel III, Anniv. of March on Rome. Uncir.	10.00
ITALY, 1809, 20 Lire, Napoleon, Milan Mint. Very Fine	8.25
ITALY, 1814, 40 Lire, Napoleon, Milan Mint. Very Fine	14.50
ITALY, 1882, 20 Lire, Humbert, Rome Mint. Uncir.	8.00
JAPAN, 1905, 10 Yen, Mutsuhito. Ext. Fine	9.50
JAPAN, 1914, 20 Yen, Yoshihito. Uncir.	19.50
MEXICO, 1917, 20 Pesos, Aztec Calendar. Uncir.	18.00
NETHERLANDS, 1750, 7 Guilders, Utrecht. Fine, loop removed	7.50
NETHERLANDS, 1875, 10 Guilders, William III. Uncir.	8.00
NETHERLANDS, 1911, 10 Guilders, Wilhelmina. Ext. Fine	8.00
PERU, 1917, Libra. Bright Uncir.	10.00
RUSSIA, 1923, Chervonetz, Soviet issue. Uncir.	23.50
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SWITZERLAND, 1873, 20 Francs, Seated Helvetia type, V. rare. Ext. Fine.	14.00

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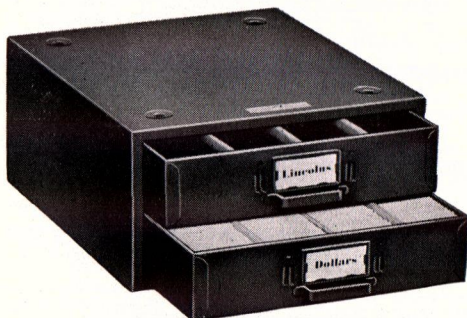
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THE "ROYAL" COIN CABINET

ALL STEEL CONSTRUCTION



It is always our policy to offer the collecting public the largest variety of accessories, at the lowest possible price. We have now released the "ROYAL" COIN CABINET, which should appeal to all collectors, who are in the market for a reasonably priced **ALL STEEL** coin cabinet. This cabinet has many improvements over similar cabinets appearing on the market. All sections are securely **welded** so that there are no parts to become misplaced, or lost. Each cabinet has sixteen compartments which will hold up to 900 half dollars or 2200 small cents filed conveniently in 2x2 coin envelopes. There are feet on the bottom of each cabinet which fit into embossed recesses on top to prevent slipping when several cabinets are

stacked. There are holes punched in the feet, and recessed top, so that several cabinets may be all bolted together in one unit.

SPECIFICATIONS:

SIZE:—Length 11½ in.; Width 9½ in.; Depth 5 in.
DRAWER SIZE:—Length 11½ in.; Width 9 in.; Depth 2 in. Each drawer has 8 sections—Length 5½ in.; Width, Depth 2 in.

CONSTRUCTION:—Heavy gauge first grade cold rolled fire-resisting steel. All sections firmly welded.

FINISH & COLOR:—Especially hard baked Moss Green Enamel.

WEIGHT:—5 lbs. 4 oz.

This cabinet has many improvements over similar cabinets on the market, yet the price is less. Order one today! **Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.**

Introductory Offer

1 Royal Coin Cabinet, Regular
 price \$2.75
1000 2x2 Kraft Coin Envelopes,
 Regular price 1.10
Total Value \$3.85
Both Sent Postpaid For \$2.75!

Combination Offer

6 Royal Coin Cabinets, Regular
 price \$16.50
 (Holds up to 12,000 coins)
6,000 2x2 Kraft Envelopes, Reg-
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THE "MASTERCRAFT" COIN CABINET

A beautiful hand-made fine grained unfinished wooden Coin Cabinet, that may be finished to match the furniture in your home or den.

The Mastercraft Coin Cabinet is built by Master craftsmen, and is the only cabinet of its kind in this price range. There is always the collector who demands the best, and in this deluxe cabinet you receive all the qualities usually found in cabinets selling for a much higher price. There is no excuse to house your collection in any other manner than a coin cabinet, when such value is offered at such a low price. Cabinet has four drawers each with four sections, as illustrated, and will hold more than 1,000 coins conveniently filed.

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"Mastercraft" Coin Cabinet & 200 2x2 Coin Envelopes . . . \$2.98

Postpaid.



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GOLD DOLLARS

1849-D Very fine	\$7.00	1862 Very fine	\$2.50
1851 Very fine	2.25	1873 Very fine	2.75
1852 Very fine	2.25	1874 Very fine	2.75
1853 Very fine	2.25	1889 Ex. fine	4.00
1854 Very fine	2.75	1915 Panama Unc.	4.75
1854-S Very fine	13.50	1916 McKinley Unc.	5.50
1855 Very fine	2.75	1917 McKinley Unc.	8.00
1856 Very fine	2.25	1922 Grant Pl. Unc.	11.00
1857 Very fine	2.75	1922 Grant Star Unc.	7.50
1861 Very fine	2.75	1915 Panama \$2.50, Unc.	15.00

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1836 About fine	\$4.75	1866-S Fine	\$7.50
1843 Very fine	7.00	1869-S Very fine	8.00
1851 Very fine	4.75	1873 Ex. fine	7.50
1853 Very fine	4.75	1876-S Very fine	8.50
1854 Ex. fine	5.00	1878 Ex. fine	6.00
1856 Ex. fine	5.00	1878-S Ex. fine	5.00
1856-S Fine	5.50	1879 Ex. fine	7.50
1857 Fine	5.50	1896 Ex. fine	5.50
1861 Ex. fine	5.00	1900 Ex. fine	5.50
1861-S Fine	7.00	1901 to 1907 Ex. Fine, at	4.75

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1854 Very fine	\$6.75	1859 Very fine	\$7.50
1854 About fine	5.75	1860 Fine	7.50
1855 Very fine	6.75	1868 Very fine	8.50
1855-S Fine	8.50	1874 Very fine	6.75
1856 Very fine	6.75	1878 Very fine	6.25
1856-S Very fine	8.50	1886 Very fine	7.50
1857 Fine	6.75	1888 Very fine	7.50
1879 \$4.00 Stella Proof	\$185.00	1879 \$4.00 Stella Brill. Proof..	\$195.00

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1834 N. T. P. 4, v. f.	\$10.00	1843 to 1848 v. f., at	\$11.00
1834 N. T. C. 4, v. f.	25.00	1843-D Very fine	11.00
1835 Very fine	11.00	1844-O, 45-O, v. f., at	11.00
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1837 Very fine	11.00	1853-C Very fine	11.00
1838 Very fine	11.00	1854-O, 56-D, v. f., at	11.00

EAGLES

1847-O Very fine	\$17.50	1852 Very fine	\$17.50
1849 Very fine	17.50	1853 Fine	17.00
1850-O Very fine	17.50	1879 Ex. fine	18.00
1851-O Very fine	17.50	1907-D Ex. f., rare	19.50

Postage and insurance extra on orders less than \$10.00.

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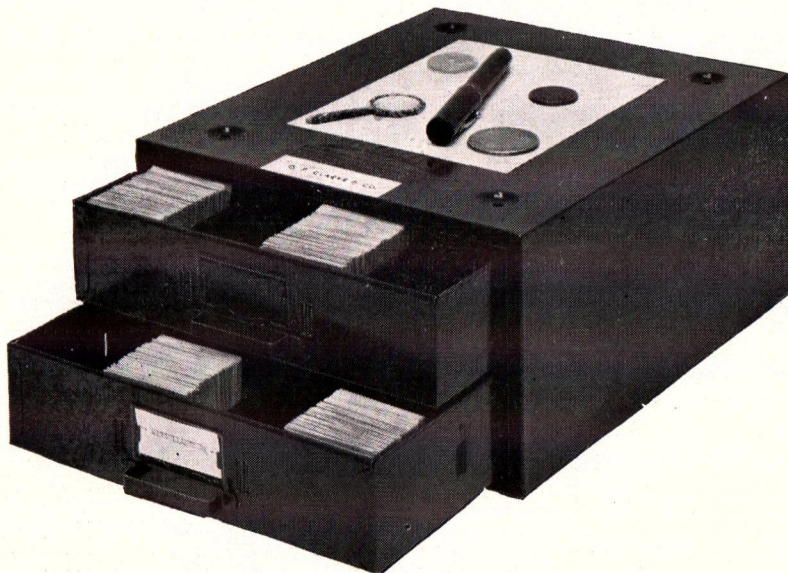
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\$2.88 The Perfection Coin Cabinet \$2.88

Holds from 1,000 to 1,200 coins, depending on size of coins

In ROLLS or LOOSE will hold 3,000 to 5,000 coins.

Made of heavy fire resisting **ROLLED STEEL**



**PRICED VERY LOW FOR BIG VOLUME BUSINESS—
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A cabinet that THOUSANDS of collectors have wanted for years. This cabinet will find a hearty welcome with ALL CLASSES of collectors. Many a collection is placed in an old cigar box or other makeshift container, just because a good substantial cabinet could not be obtained at a reasonable price. Most coin cabinets, as you know, cost from \$20.00 up.

Our PERFECTION COIN CABINET contains all of the following special features—Upper and lower drawer partitioned into EIGHT compartments each. Size of each compartment is $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches wide, $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches deep and $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches long. A TOTAL OF SIXTEEN COMPARTMENTS. Will hold over 1,000 envelopes containing coins in an UPRIGHT position. Partitions may be changed or completely removed if desired. Feet on bottom of cabinet fit into embossed recesses in top of cabinet to prevent slipping when cabinets are stacked. Holes punched in feet and recessed so two or more cabinets may be bolted together if desired. An Added Feature of our PERFECTION CABINETS is a $5\frac{1}{2} \times 7$ inch Spanish grained imitation leather antique ivory finish PROTECTION PAD. This pad makes a perfect display space on which to place your coins, also a handy place for magnifying glass, pen or pencil (see illustration above). This is a STRONG well designed cabinet made especially for coins, but may be used for a multitude of other purposes—STAMPS, KEYS, RUBBER BANDS and many other items. This cabinet is worth a dozen of the cheap wooden cabinets now on the market. Order at once. The price is only **\$2.88 POSTPAID.**

Securely packed. Shipping weight about SEVEN POUNDS.

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COMPLETE SET OF
UNCIRCULATED GOLD PIECES OF
1907

Fourteen pieces, consisting of six Double Eagles, five Eagles, two Half Eagles, one Quarter Eagle

\$410.00

COMPLETE SET OF
UNCIRCULATED GOLD PIECES OF
1908

Fifteen pieces, consisting of five Double Eagles, five Eagles, four Half Eagles, one Quarter Eagle

\$425.00

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2025 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

IN SPITE OF
Wars And Rumors Of Wars
THE HOUSE OF
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since the day it was founded, 168 years ago, 4 YEARS BEFORE AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE, and the present War has made no difference, except to give our customers in the U. S. A. an opportunity to buy from us even more cheaply than before, on account of the drop in the value of the pound sterling.

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and let us know your wants in any series.

Have you ever thought of collecting British War Medals? Here are a few cheap lines:

WATERLOO 1815	\$7.00
PENINSULA WARS 1808-14	10.00
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The interest in British War Medals lies in the fact that each specimen is officially stamped or engraved on the edge with the name, regiment, etc. of the recipient.

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1804 Restrike from rusty dies.	\$9.75
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1814 About Unc. Slight corrosion	11.75
1817 A. 14, red	4.75
1818 Red and olive	3.50
1820 Red	3.75
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1915	1.50
1916	.60
1926	.75
1928	.50
1928-D	.45
1930	.35
1935-D	.30
1935-S	.25
1937-D	.15
1937-S	.15
1938-D	.15

1919 CENTS, BRILLIANT UNCIRCULATED

\$1.90 per 10; \$4.65 per 25.

Offer good until present small supply is sold.

LIBERTY STANDING HALVES UNCIRCULATED

1917	\$2.50	1935	\$1.25
1929-D	2.75	1935-S	1.50
1934	1.25		

COMMEMORATIVES, UNCIRCULATED

1892 Columbian	\$.90
1893 Columbian	.70
1915 Pan-Pacific	11.85
1918 Lincoln	.95
1920 Pilgrim	1.00
1927 Vermont	2.10
1928 Oregon	3.35
1933 Oregon	5.75
1934 Oregon	3.35
1934 Maryland	1.30
1935 Texas	1.30
1935-S Texas	1.30

PATTERNS IN PROOF

Cents: A.-W. 312, 1859 Copper-nickel, same design as adopted in 1860, less than 100 issued	\$8.75
A.-W. 200, 1855 large cent Flying Eagle, bronze, extremely fine	4.75
A.-W. 820, 1869, nickel, only 25 issued	7.75
2 Cents: A.-W. 453, 1864, Copper-nickel, rare, only 15 issued	9.75
3 Cents: A.-W. 514, 1865, Copper, regular dies, only 15 issued	5.75
A.-W. 815, 1869, Nickel	7.75
Quarters: A.-W. 753, 1869, Silver. Only 25 issued	12.50
A.-W. 764, 1869 Aluminum, spotted	4.50

LIBERTY STANDING QUARTERS, UNCIRCULATED

1917 Type I	\$1.85
1917-D Type I	9.75
1924-D	2.55
1925	1.45
1926-D	.85
1928-S	1.50
1928-D	.85
1929-S	1.50
1930-S	1.45

One each of the above quarters except 1917-D for \$12.50.

WASHINGTON QUARTERS, UNCIRCULATED

1932	\$.60
1932-D	1.45
1932-S	1.45
1934	.55
1934-D	.75
1935-S	.75

One each of the above Washington Quarters for \$5.25.

Th above is only a small portion of our large stock. Your want list on all U. S. coins from the smallest through the largest is respectfully solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Postage extra on orders under \$3.00.

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COMMEMORATIVES

1892 Columbian	\$0.95	1936 Albany	\$1.60
1893 Columbian	0.75	1936 San Francisco Bay . . .	1.60
1915 Panama-Pacific	11.75	1936 Columbia set, PSD . . .	6.75
1918 Lincoln	0.95	1936 Delaware	1.70
1920 Maine	2.90	1936 Gettysburg	1.70
1920 Pilgrim	1.00	1936 Norfolk	1.50
1921 Pilgrim	5.50	1937 Roanoke	1.60
1921 Missouri	12.50	1937 Antietam	1.75
1921 Missouri, 2x4	20.00	1938 New Rochelle	1.75
1921 Alabama	3.50	1934 Boone	2.50
1921 Alabama, 2x2	10.00	1935 Boone	1.40
1922 Grant	1.50	1935 Boone, S or D	3.50
1922 Grant with star	40.00	1935 Boone, small '34	1.40
1923 Monroe	1.50	1935 Boone, small '34-S . . .	15.00
1924 Huguenot	2.00	1935 Boone, small '34-D . . .	15.00
1925 Lex-Concord	1.50	1936 Boone, set P, S, D . . .	8.25
1925 Stone Mountain	0.75	1937 Boone	1.75
1925 California	1.95	1937 Boone S or D	11.00
1925 Vancouver	5.75	1938 Boone set, S, P, D . . .	20.00
1925 Norse-American, thick . . .	1.00	1934 Texas	1.15
1925 Norse-Am., thin	2.50	1935 Texas set, P, D, S	3.90
1926 Sesqui-Cent.	1.40	1936 Texas set, P, D, S	4.20
1927 Bennington	2.00	1937 Texas set, P, S, D	4.50
1928 Hawaii	9.75	1938 Texas set, P, D, S	12.00
1934 Maryland	1.25	1926 Oregon P or S mint . . .	1.25
1935 Connecticut	2.40	1928 Oregon	2.90
1935 Hudson	5.75	1933 Oregon	5.90
1935 San Diego	1.25	1934 Oregon	2.90
1935 Spanish Trail	3.75	1936 Oregon	1.70
1936 Rhode I. set, PSD	4.50	1936 Oregon, S mint	4.90
1936 San Diego	1.75	1937 Oregon	1.60
1936 Cleveland	0.90	1938 Oregon set, P, S, D . . .	7.75
1936 Wisconsin	1.25	1939 Oregon set, P, S, D . . .	15.00
1936 Cincinnati set, PSD	16.00	1935 Arkansas	1.75
1936 Long Island	1.00	1935 Arkansas, S or D	3.50
1936 York	1.25	1936 Arkansas set, P, S, D . . .	5.00
1936 Bridgeport	1.60	1937 Arkansas set, P, S, D . .	11.00
1936 Lynchburg	2.00	1938 Arkansas set, P, D, S . .	10.50
1936 Elgin	1.25	1936 Arkansas, Robinson . . .	1.40

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I buy also the more common varieties of Commemoratives as well as other Silver and Gold coins.

To give you a start in Commemoratives: 10 all different Unc. Comm. \$10.50, postpaid. 10 types. No Columbians.

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1793	Fine condition. Light olive color	\$10.00
1794	Gilbert 1. About V. fine \$5.00. V. fine	6.00
1794	Gilbert 5. Better than very fine	6.00
1795	Lettered edge. Fine \$5.00. Very fine	7.50
1795	Gilbert 5. Fine \$4.00. Extremely fine	15.00
1796	Pole to Cap. Date plain, every thing readable. Very rare and good	45.00
1796	Same. Date plain, balance of coin fair	30.00
1797	Gilbert 4. Good \$2.00. Fine condition	4.50
1800	Fine condition	1.50
1802	Fine \$10.00. About very fine	12.00
1803	Uncirculated, part red, \$10.00. Good	.50
1804	Gilbert 4. Uncirculated mint red	7.50
1804	Gil. 2. Unc. olive \$3.00. Gil. 3 Unc.	3.50
1804	Spiked chin, protruding tongue. Ex. fine	1.50
1806	Large 6. Unc., red and olive \$3.50. Unc. dark	2.00
1806	Small 6. Unc., beautiful light olive	5.00
1809	Unc. \$2.00. Abt. Unc. \$1.50. Fine	.75
1809	over 6. Unc., light olive. Bold overdate	7.50
1811	Very fine to nearly extremely fine. Choice	15.00
1825	Reverse struck crosswise. Perfect Unc.	3.00
1828	Unc. \$1.00. Unc. red \$1.50. Ex. fine	.75
1828	12 stars. About Unc. \$1.25. Very fine	.50
1832	Uncirculated \$1.00. Ex. fine \$.60. Fine	.40
1833	Uncirculated \$1.00. Fine or better	.40
1834	Purple proof \$6.00. Unc. \$1.50. Fine and better	.40
1835	Uncirculated \$1.25. Ex. fine \$.50. Fine	.35
1849	Uncirculated \$1.50. Extremely fine	.75
1850	Proof \$3.00. Unc. mint red \$2.00. V. Gd. and better	.40
1851	Uncirculated red \$1.50. Fine or better	.40
1853	Olive proof \$3.00. Fine or better	.35
1854	Uncirculated red \$1.50. Fine or better	.40
1855	Brilliant Unc. \$2.00. Unc. \$1.25. Fine	.35
1856	Brilliant proof \$7.50. Unc. red	1.50
1857	Uncirculated Red	1.50

All other dates in stock, including several of the rare proofs.

Also all other dates, and ones listed in many other conditions.

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1856	Flying Eagle cent. Olive proof	\$45.00
1867	Nickel. WITH RAYS THROUGH STARS. Brill. Proof	37.50
1852	\$50.00 slug. U. S. Assay. Extremely fine	225.00

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10 Different Ancient Roman SILVER Denarii, very good to very fine. Every coin guaranteed Genuine. Only \$2.00. (I will give free with every order a copy of Wayte Raymond's ANCIENT COINS.)

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Very Attractive Prices

Half Cents, 10 different dates, Good to Very Fine	\$ 3.10
Large Cent, 1800 over 179, Very Good	1.25
Large Cents, 1802-1803, Good, Each 50.; V. G., Each	.75
Large Cents, 1805-1821, Good, each 75c.; V. G., Each	1.25
Large Cents, 1810-1812-1814, Good, Each 40c.; V. G., Each	.50
Large Cents, 25 diff. dates, Good to Fine	2.25
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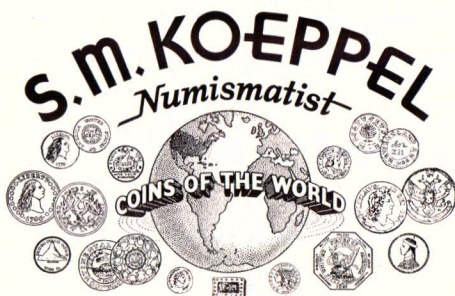
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1892	1.00	1.35	1905	1.00	1.35
1893	1.00	1.35	1906	1.00	1.35
1894	1.00	1.25	1907	1.00	1.35
1895	1.00	1.25	1908	1.00	1.35
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U. S. Cents: 1932-D Unc. bright red, 20c. 5 for 90c. 1933-P Unc. br. red 20c. 5 for 90c. 1933-D Unc. br. red 15c. 5 for 45c.
One Odd Lot of Cents: 1930-P, 16; 1930-D, 17; 1932-P, 7—lot of 40 Unc. red and olive, \$1.55.
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	G.	V.G.	Fine.	V.F.	Unc.
1829	..	\$.15	..	\$.35	..
1831	\$.15	..	..	.25	\$.40
1832	.15	..	\$.20	.30	..
1833	.15	.20	..	..	..
1834	.10	..	.20	..	..
1835	.15	..	.25	..	..
1836	.15	..	..	..	..
'37 No Stars	.20	..	.35	..	..
1838-O	..	1.50	..	..	..
1841-O	..	.50	..	..	..
1842-P	..	.25	..	..	..
1845	..	.25	..	1.00	..
1848-O	..	..	1.25	..	..
1848-P	..	..	..	1.00	..
1849	..	..	..	.50	..
1852	..	.50	..	..	..
1853	.20	.30	..	.40	..
1853-O, With	..	..	..	..	..
Arrows ..	.20	.30	..	.40	..
1854-O	..	.20	..	..	..
1854-P	.15	..	..	..	..
1856 No Ar.	..	.20	..	..	..
1856-O, No	..	..	..	..	..
Arrows ..	..	1.00	..	..	..
1857-O	..	.40	..	..	..
1857-P	.15	.20	..	.30	..
1858-O	..	..	.45	..	..
1858-P	..	..	..	.60	..
1860-O	.50	..	..	1.25	..
1861-P	.10	..	.20	.40	..
1863-S	.25	..	.50	..	..
1864-P	..	..	2.00	..	..
1864-S	.50	..	..	..	..
1866-S	.25	..	1.00	..	..
1867-S	..	..	1.50	..	..
1868-S	.50	..	1.50	2.00	..
1868-P	..	..	1.00	..	..
1869-S	..	..	1.25	..	..
1869-P	.35	..	..	..	..
1870-P	.20	..	.50	..	..
1871-P	..	..	.25	..	..
1871-S	.50	1.00	3.25	..	..
1872-P	.10	.15	.20	..	..
1872-S below	..	..	..	..	..
Wreath ..	..	1.00	1.50	2.00	..
1872-S	.50	..	1.00	1.50	..
1873-P	..	..	.25	.75	..
1873-S	.50	..	1.00	1.75	..

3 CENT SILVER

1851-P	.10	..	.35	..	..
1851-O	.50	..	.60	..	2.75
1852-P	.15	..	.25	..	2.00
1853-P	.15	..	.25	..	2.00
1854-P	..	..	.75	..	..
1855-P	..	..	.50	..	..
1855-P	.25	..	.75	..	..
1855-P	..	..	.75	..	..
1855-P	..	..	..	1.25	..
1861-P	..	..	.40	..	.75
1862-P	..	..	.40	..	..

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1923 Cents	..	\$.35
1934-35-36 Cents	\$1.50	.05
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1937-P, D or S Cents	1.25	.05
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1921 Missouri, 2x4, unc.	20.00
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1931-S Nickel, unc.	.25

Over 200 Large Cents, G. to F. Send list of wants or trade.

2 cent pieces, Fine as run 10c. each

Correction—in March issue,
1931-D Lincoln Cent should have been 1931-S mint.

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A. N. A. 5926

1926-S Unc. Dollar	\$1.50
1912-S Nickels, V. G.	.45
1913-S Nickels, fine, No. 1	.50
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The 2 types for	1.35
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All of above \$1.95 each while they last.
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Sun Yat Sen (Memento), Bust\$1.45
 Sun Yat Sen, Bust, reverse sail-boat, native characters 1.65
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The three different for\$4.50
 10 Different Fine Foreign Silver Dollar-Size Coins\$8.50
 500 well-mixed duplicate Foreign Copper and Nickel coins, fine to unc.\$5.75
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Imitation \$50 Gold Slug, size and shape of original, gold plated, **New** cond., \$1.00 each, or 6 for\$5.00

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 10 Diff. Mexico paper money, Unc.75

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 1 peso is fine, others bright uncirculated. Set of 5, \$0.60.
 Ten Pesos crisp unc. banknote, series of 1923\$0.20
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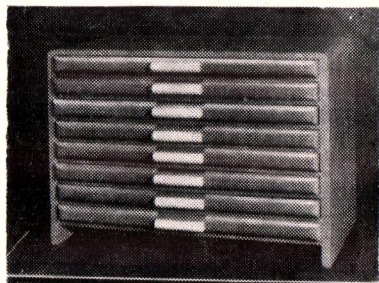
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| 1905 Dollar, Lewis and Clark | 13.00 |
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